

CATALOGUE

OF

THE CORCORAN

GALLERY OF
ART



WASHINGTON, D. C.

1901.

Property of Lillian Michelson

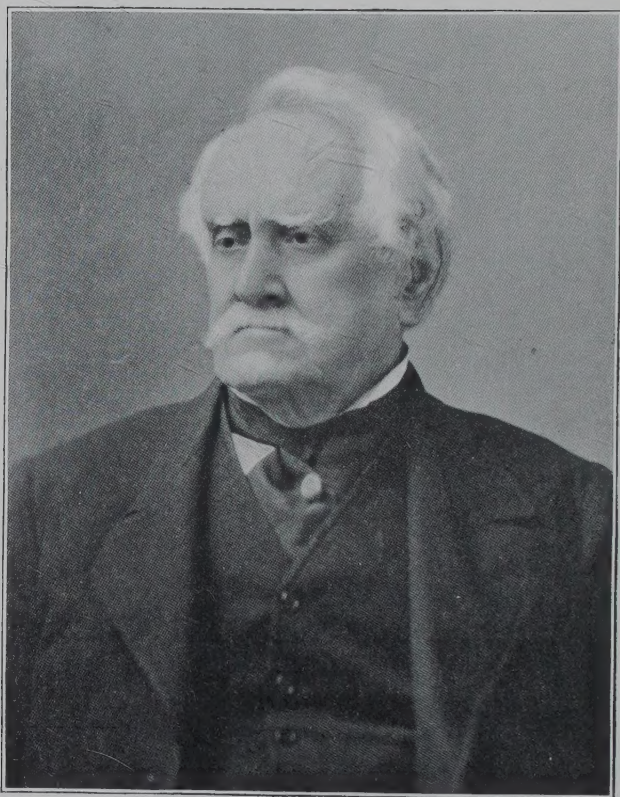


LM 00011017


1. Mercys Dream - 54

Same picture different coloring -

261 - N. Y.



T. W. Corcoran



Ordeal of Titian

Nude woman ^{reposing} lying on draped couch with
cup standing cautiously on foot of couch
shadow of drapery falls across eye & forehead
warm flesh tones. beautiful coloring
showing the hand of great artist.

Portrait of a Cardinal by Titian

Dark browns & darkest reds.
great harmony of color.
olive flesh tints. Canvas much cracked by

Temptation of St Anthony by G. J. Zennaro

Interior (Visit to artist's studio) - Van Meir
Richard Brooke -

Flock of sheep following shepherd with cr
Flock at Laren, Holland.

Mrs. Roosevelt's picture (from House Journal)
Chautauque artist - also of Alice Roosevelt
Grand canyon of yellow stone Indian Park

Art

Triumph of Bagarizza. - José Villagás.
Very large -

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GALLERY OF

ART=====



WASHINGTON, D. C.

1901.

WASHINGTON, D. C.:
GIBSON BROS.,
PRINTERS AND BOOKBINDERS.
1900.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

EDWARD CLARK.	CHARLES C. GLOVER.
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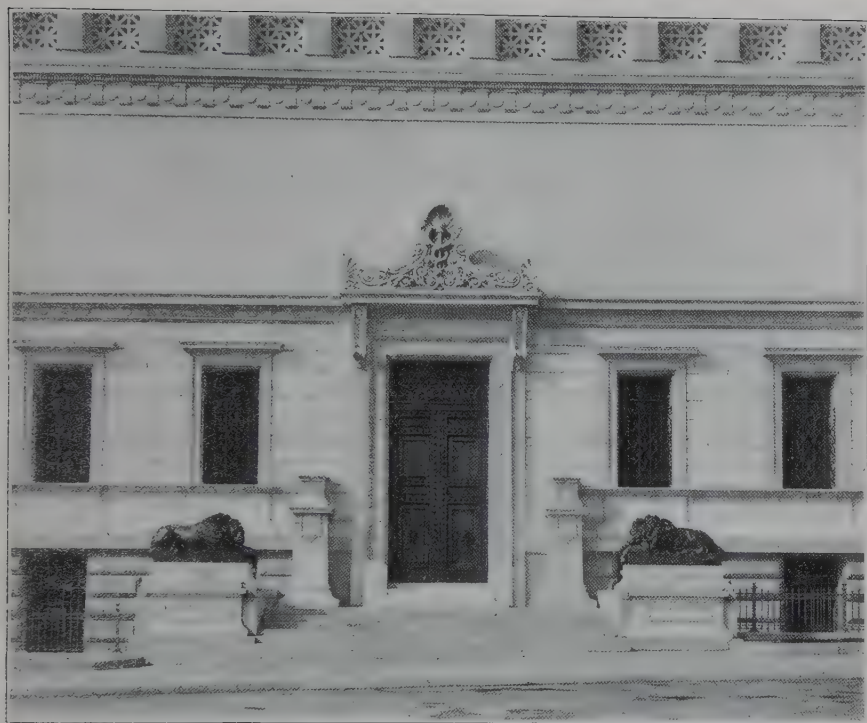
58TH EDITION.
(10,000 of the new revised edition.)
In all, 210,000.

NOTE.—All measurements in this Catalogue are given in inches, except where otherwise indicated.

WASHINGTON, D. C.
DECEMBER, 1900.



THE CORCORAN GALLERY OF ART.



HISTORY OF THE CORCORAN GALLERY OF ART.

THE CORCORAN GALLERY OF ART, originally located at the Corner of Seventeenth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, including ground, building, its contents, and endowment fund, was the gift of the late Mr. William Wilson Corcoran to the public by deed, dated May 10, 1869, "to be used solely for the purposes of encouraging American genius in the production and preservation of works pertaining to the Fine Arts; and kindred objects," with the condition that it should be open to visitors without any pecuniary charge whatever at least two days in each week, with authority to charge for admission at other times such moderate and reasonable fee as might be prescribed,

the proceeds arising therefrom to be applied to the current expenses of the Institution.

The Institution was chartered by Act of Congress May 24, 1870. By that act the building and its contents were declared exempt from all taxation.

The building was designed by Mr. James Renwick, architect, and begun in 1859, but before completion, early in 1861, it was occupied by the United States Quartermaster-General's Department until 1869.

On the 10th of May, 1869, its owner placed it in the hands of a Board of nine Trustees for the purposes already named. After the Institution was incorporated by Congress, in 1870, the general work of reconstruction and adaptation of the building to its original purpose was begun, and finished in 1871.

On the 22d of February, 1871, Mr. Corcoran gave a ball and reception in the building in honor of the day, the proceeds of which he presented to the fund of the Washington Monument Society. In 1873 a Trustee went to Europe empowered to purchase works of art for the Gallery, and Mr. Corcoran's private collection of pictures and statuary was then placed in it. On November 6, 1873, the Board of Trustees completed the organization of the Institution.

On the 19th of January, 1874, the Picture Galleries, Octagon Room, and the Hall of Bronzes were thrown open for private exhibition by day and night, Mr. Corcoran receiving the congratulations of his friends upon the fulfilment thus far of his munificent plans.

On April 29, 1874, the Halls of Sculpture and of Bronzes were opened to the public, and in December, 1874, the two side galleries of sculpture adjoining the Main Hall; so that all the rooms of the Institution for exhibition purposes were then opened to the public.

THE PRESENT GALLERY.

The building mentioned above was used for the purposes for which it was intended until it became apparent that, as planned, it would, in a comparatively short time, be wholly inadequate for the proper display of the works of art belonging to the Gallery, while larger and better facilities were already required for the rapidly-growing Free School of Art, for which thoughtful provision had been previously made by Mr. Corcoran. At the same time it was found that, through inability to acquire land adjoining its site, it would be impossible to enlarge the then existing building so as to meet the future wants of the two establishments. These conditions impressed upon the minds of the Trustees the necessity of providing, without delay, for the erection of a larger, more conveniently arranged, and better lighted building, upon a plot of ground large enough to not only furnish space for the projected structure, but also to provide for such enlargements of the Gallery as might be required from time to time to suitably house future acquisitions of paintings, sculptures, etc. With these ends in view, steps were taken to find and secure a proper location, and on the 3d of April, 1891, the purchase of a portion of Square 171, fronting on Seventeenth and E Streets, respectively, on the east and south, and on New York Avenue on the north, was ordered, and subsequently purchased.

On the 9th of January, 1892, it was determined to erect a new Gallery building, as indicated above, on the eastern portion of the ground thus secured, and designs and plans for the proposed structure were invited from a number of prominent architects. Those submitted by Mr. Ernest Flagg, of New York, were deemed best, and, after some alterations and

modifications, they were accepted, and he was employed to carry them out, under the supervision of a special committee, created and empowered for that purpose, and contracts were authorized and entered into accordingly, as follows:

On June 26, 1893, the ground for the foundation of the new building was broken.

On October 9, 1893, the contract was made for the stone foundations.

On January 31, 1894, the contract for the basement walls was let.

On May 10, 1894, the corner-stone was laid with appropriate ceremonies.

On June 23, 1894, the contract for the erection of the building was accepted; and, on January 8, 1897, the keys of the building were delivered to the Trustees and the work of transferring the works of art from the old to the new building was commenced.

On the evening of the 22d of February, of the same year, the new building was first formally opened, for a private view, to which more than three thousand invitations were issued. The invitations were largely accepted, and, notwithstanding the inclement weather of the evening, the several rooms were at times filled to their utmost capacity. The attendance included the President of the United States and Mrs. Cleveland; the members of his Cabinet and their wives; Foreign Ambassadors and Ministers, and members of their respective legations; Senators and Representatives in Congress; the Judiciary; Artists and Connoisseurs of the Arts; officers of the Army and Navy, and hundreds of other ladies and gentlemen prominent in private and public life. The whole building was brilliantly illuminated by over three thousand electric lights, presenting a scene of rare beauty, and music by the Marine Band, which

was present by courtesy of the Secretary of the Navy, added to the charm of the occasion. The Reception Committee consisted of the members of the Board of Trustees, as then constituted, as follows:

EDWARD CLARK.

CHARLES C. GLOVER.

SAMUEL H. KAUFFMANN.

CALDERON CARLISLE.

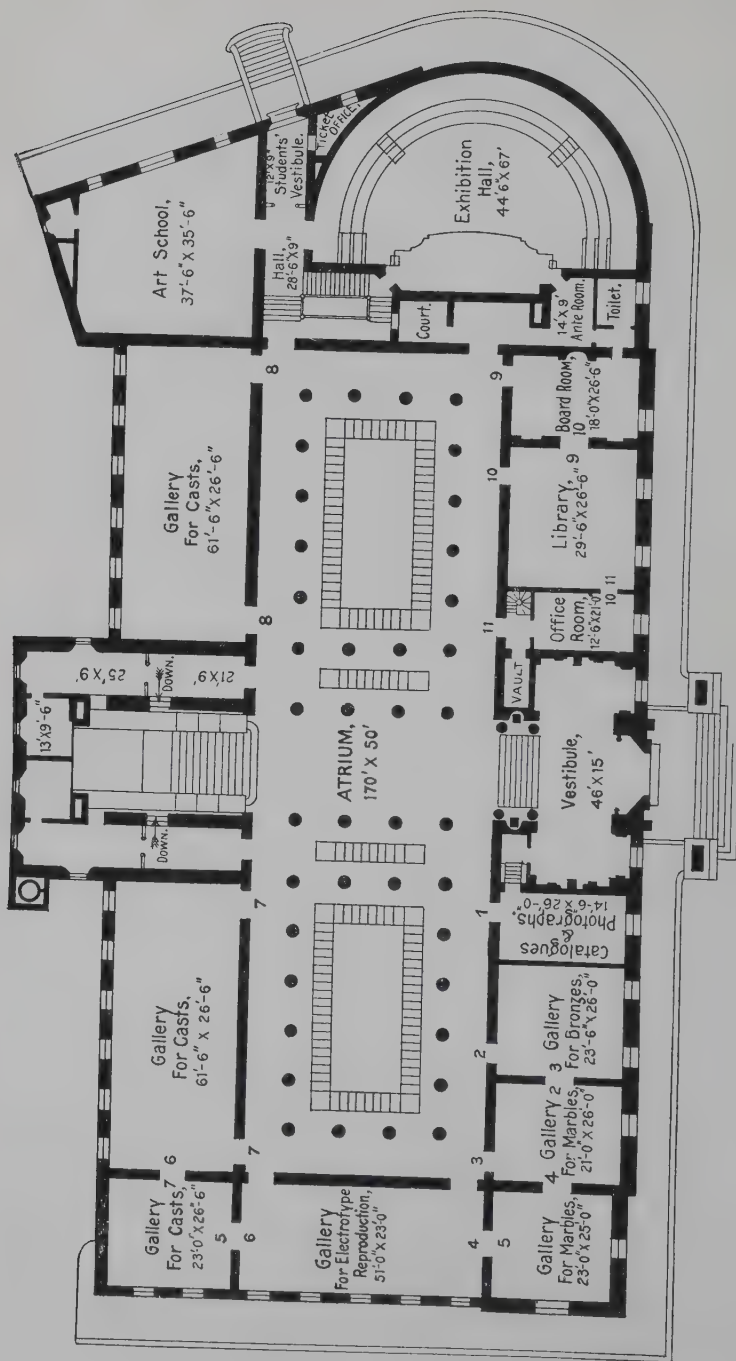
FREDERICK B. MCGUIRE.

MATTHEW W. GALT.

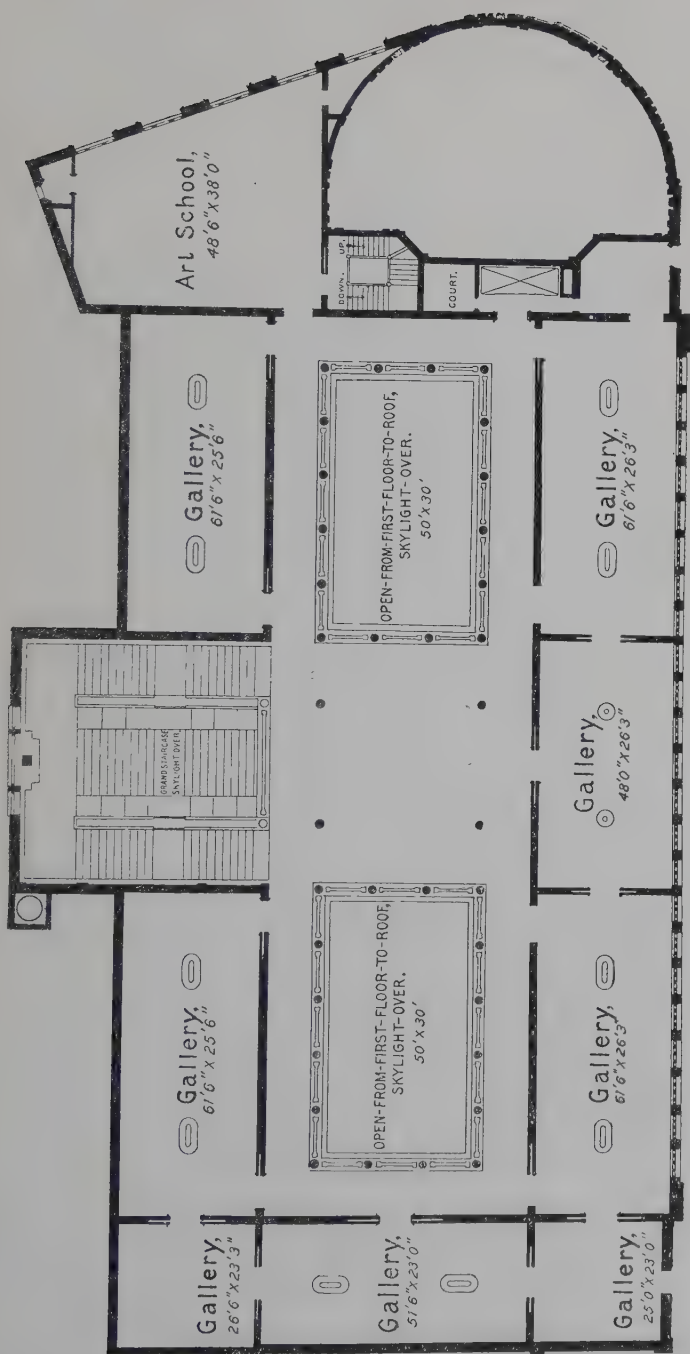
WALTER S. COX.

WILLIAM CORCORAN EUSTIS.

THOMAS HYDE.



PLAN OF FIRST STORY



PLAN OF SECOND STORY

DESCRIPTION OF

THE BUILDING.



The building stands with its main front on Seventeenth Street, extending from New York Avenue on the north to E Street on the south, a distance of 259 feet, extending back 133 feet, and occupies about half of the lot.

The style of Architecture is Neo-Grecian, the material being white Georgia marble, on a basement of Milford pink granite. The first story is pierced by windows; the second story rises in a solid white wall broken only by a row of open-work marble panels along the upper edge, used as ventilators to the Galleries.

Between these panels and the cornice, which is rich in ornamental carving, extends a narrow frieze bearing in Roman letters the names of some of the most famous painters and sculptors of ancient and modern times. The roof of glass slants sharply upward to the ridge, which is finished by a cresting of bronze, terminating at each end of the building in a winged griffin.

The severity of the elevation is broken by the curve at the north end, in which is located the Art School. It also contains a lofty semicircular room, designed for lectures, etc., and likewise, if necessary, for exhibition purposes.

The main entrance to the building is on Seventeenth Street. On either side of the steps, upon white marble pedestals, rests a colossal bronze Lion, cast from moulds made over the famous Lions by Canova, which guard the tomb of Clement XIII, in St. Peter's, Rome.

Passing through this entrance, a broad and easy flight of stairs leads directly to the main corridor or atrium. This is the largest hall in the building, being 170 feet long and 50 feet wide, running north and south of the main entrance on the first floor. Its light comes through openings or light wells in the ceiling above, which is supported by forty fluted monolith columns of Indiana limestone. This spacious hall is devoted to the exhibition of casts from sculptures of the antique and renaissance periods. The rooms surrounding it—except those required for the library, administration purposes, etc.—are also given up to original marbles, casts, bronzes, etc., including the large and valuable collection of the works of the late Antoine Louis Barye, the eminent French sculptor of animals.

Directly in front, upon entering, and upon the further or western side of the hall or atrium, rises the grand white marble staircase, fifteen feet in width, and of easy tread, which leads to the second story atrium, of the same dimensions as the one below. This has an immense skylight supported by thirty-eight fluted monolith columns, also of Indiana limestone.

Ten large doorways with sliding doors, lead from the atrium to the galleries for paintings—three fine large rooms on Seventeenth Street, two small and one large one on E Street, and two still larger on the west, on either side of the main staircase, all

admirably adapted for their purpose and perfectly lighted, whether for day or night exhibitions.

The entrance on the north or New York Avenue side of the building leads to the Exhibition Hall, a spacious room, of beautiful proportions, and also to several of the rooms set apart for the School of Art.

The dimensions of all the rooms and galleries are given on the accompanying floor plans.

The gallery is open every day (the Fourth of July and Christmas day excepted) from 9:30 A. M., to 4:00 P. M., from October 1st to May 1st, and from 9:00 A. M., to 4:00 P. M., from May 1st to October 1st. On other public holidays from 10:00 A. M., to 2:00 P. M., and on Sundays, except in Midsummer, from 1:30 to 5:00 P. M., when the admission is free.

On holidays and TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, SATURDAYS and SUNDAYS the admission is free.

On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and FRIDAYS an admittance fee of 25 cents is charged.

For information concerning Copying, Art Education, etc., see Rules and Regulations, separately printed, to be had by application to the Clerk of the Gallery.

Photographs of the principal paintings and other works of art in the gallery are for sale at the door, where a catalogue of them may be obtained.



NO. 1.

MR. CORCORAN.

CHARLES L. ELLIOTT.



PAINTINGS.

NOTE.—*The dimensions of paintings in this Catalogue are given in inches, the figures named first indicating the height, the others the width of the canvases.*

1.

ELLIOTT, CHARLES LORING.

Born at Scipio, New York, 1812 ; died at Albany, New York, 1868. Pupil of Col. John Trumbull and Quidor. Elected Associate of the N. A. D. in 1845, and Academician in 1846.

PORTRAIT OF MR. CORCORAN.

Born December 27, 1798. Died February 24, 1888.

Painted 1867.

98×70.

2.

COLE, THOMAS.

Born at Bolton le Moore, England, February 1, 1801; died near Catskill, New York, February 11, 1848. In 1819 his father emigrated to America and settled in Ohio, where he first learned the rudiments of his art from a portrait painter named Stein. Two of his allegorical series, "The Course of Empire" and "Voyage of Life," were very popular.

THE DEPARTURE.

Painted 1837. *Style of younger Lewis not so common* 35×44.

3.

COLE, THOMAS. (See No. 2.)

THE RETURN.

Painted 1837.

35×44.

4.

BOUGHTON, GEORGE HENRY.

Born in England, 1834. His family went to Albany, New York, in 1837. First exhibited at the National Academy of Design, New York, in 1858. Made an Academician, 1871. Associate Member of the Royal Academy, 1870, and of the Royal Institute of Painters in Water Colors, London, 1887, where he is now resident R. A., 1896.

THE HEIR PRESUMPTIVE.

Painted 1873.

42×72.

5.

HARRISON, THOMAS ALEXANDER.

Born at Philadelphia, Pa., January 17, 1853. Pupil of Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, École des Beaux Arts, and of Gérôme. Medal Paris Exposition Universelle, 1889; Chevalier Legion of Honor and Officer d'Instruction Publique. Medal, Munich Salon.

TWILIGHT.

Painted 1885.

35×70.

Mostly finished

6.

COLE, THOMAS. (See No. 2.)

THE TORNADO.

Painted 1831.

45×64.

7.

BROOKE, RICHARD NORRIS.

Born at Warrenton, Virginia, October 20, 1847.

A PASTORAL VISIT.

Painted 1881.

46×62.

8.

PORTER, BENJAMIN CURTIS.

Born at Melrose, Mass., August 29, 1845. Elected A. N. A., 1875; N. A., 1880.

LADY AND DOG.

Painted 1876.

50×30.

9.

TRUESDELL, GAYLORD SANGSTON.

Born at Waukegan, Ill., June 1, 1850; died at New York, June 14, 1899. He began his studies in Philadelphia, working there three years. He went to Paris in 1885. Pupil of Morot and Cormon. Exhibited regularly at the Salon since 1886. Bronze Medal at the Exposition Universelle, 1889. Medal of the Second Class at the Salon, 1892. Hors Concours, Salon des Champs Elysees.

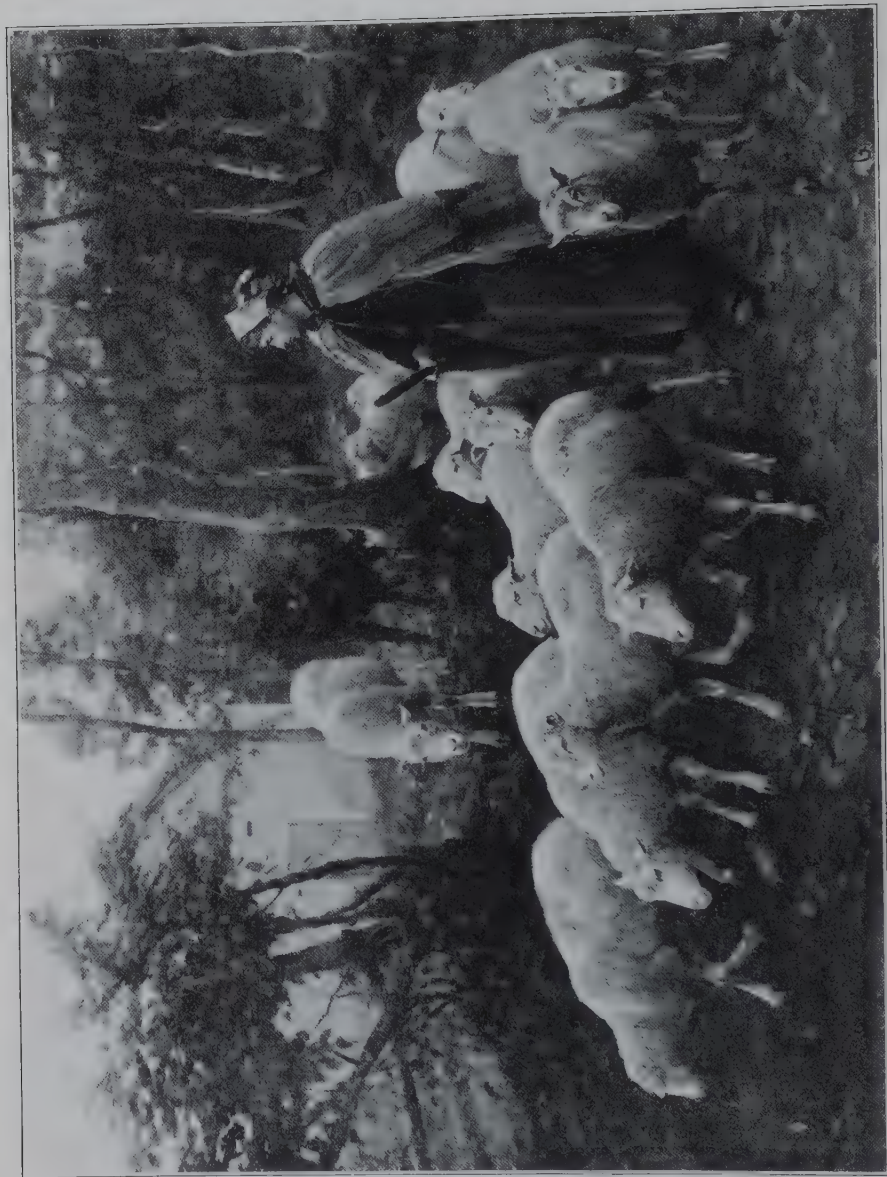
GOING TO PASTURE.

Painted 1889.

77×103.

Beautif

7



GOING TO PASTURE.

G. S. TRUEDELL.

GRAY, HENRY PETERS.

10.

Born at New York, 1819; died there, 1877. *Style of Titian* Began the study of art under Huntington in 1839, afterwards went to Rome and Venice.

THE JUDGMENT OF PARIS.

Painted 1861.

50×40.

11.

SMILLIE, GEORGE HENRY.

Born at New York, December 20, 1840. Elected member of Society of American Artists.

AUTUMN ON MASSACHUSETTS COAST.

Painted 1888.

25×50.

Gift of Ralph C. Johnson.

12.

RICHARDS, WILLIAM TROST.

Born at Philadelphia, 1833. Pupil of Paul Weber. Exhibited at the Royal Academy, London, 1869 and 1878-'81; Paris Salon, 1873. *Style of Titian*

ON THE COAST OF NEW JERSEY.

Painted to order for this Gallery, 1883.

40×72.

DOUGHTY, THOMAS.

Born at Philadelphia, 1793; died, 1856.

AUTUMN SCENE ON THE HUDSON.

Painted 1850.

30×48.



W. T. RICHARDS.

ON THE COAST OF NEW JERSEY.

NO. 12.

14.

16.

LAZARUS, JACOB H.

Born at New York, October 4, 1823; died there, January 1, 1891. Student of Henry Inman in 1843; was made an Associate of the National Academy of Design, New York, 1849.

ODALISQUE.

modern

36×61.

Gift of Mrs. Amelia B. Lazarus.

15.

DOUGHTY, THOMAS. (See No. 13.)

LANDSCAPE.

7×15.

16.

BROWN, JOHN G.

Born at Durham, England, November 11, 1831. Studied at Edinburgh Academy. Elected N. A., 1863.

ALLEGRO AND PENSEROSO.

Painted 1864-'5.

8×14.

17.

SMILLIE, GEORGE HENRY. (See No. 11.)

A LONG ISLAND FARM.

19×33.

18.

BOUGHTON, GEORGE HENRY. (See No. 4.)

EDICT OF WILLIAM THE TESTY.

Illustrates a passage from Irving's "Knickerbocker's History of New York," Chapter 8.

Painted 1877.

42×66.

19.

KENSETT, JOHN FREDERICK.

Born at Cheshire, Conn., 1818; died at New York, 1872. Exhibited at the Royal Academy, London, in 1845. Elected N. A. in New York in 1849.

HIGH BANK, GENESEE RIVER.

Painted 1857.

30×48

20.

BRIDGMAN, FREDERICK ARTHUR.

Born in Alabama, 1847. Medals, Paris 1877-'78; Legion of Honor, 1878.

PROCESSION OF THE SACRED BULL APIS-OSIRIS.

[When the ancient Egyptians found a black and white bull marked with a triangular spot in the forehead and a cross on his back they believed that the animal contained the spirit of their god Osiris, and was held sacred. The picture represents a procession in his honor.]

Painted 1879.

36×69.

21.

CHASE, HARRY.

Born at Woodstock, Vt., 1853; died, 1889. Elected A. N. A., 1883. Awarded the Hallgarten Prize, National Academy of Design, New York, 1885.

THE HARBOR OF NEW YORK.

Painted 1885.

46×70.

22.

LEUTZE, EMANUEL.

Born at Gmünd, Würtemberg, May 24, 1816; died at Washington, July 18, 1868. Studied under Lessing. Elected N. A. in 1860.

THE AMAZON AND HER CHILDREN.

Painted 1851.

41×62.



NO. 24.

NIAGARA FALLS.

F. E. CHURCH.

23.

KENSETT, JOHN FREDERICK. (See No. 19.)

AUTUMN AFTERNOON ON LAKE GEORGE.

Painted 1864.

48×72.

24.

CHURCH, FREDERICK EDWIN.

Born at Hartford, Conn., May 4, 1826. Pupil of Thomas Cole. Elected N. A. in 1849. Medal Second Class, Paris, 1867.

NIAGARA FALLS.

Painted 1857.

42×89.

25.

GRAYSON, CLIFFORD PREVOST.

Born at Philadelphia, 1859. Pupil of Pennsylvania Academy and of Gérôme.

MID-DAY DREAMS.

Awarded to The Corcoran Gallery of Art in the Competitive Exhibition by the American Art Association, New York, 1886.

Painted 1886.

50×35.

26.

DURAND, ASHER BROWN.

Born at South Orange, N. J., August 21, 1796; died there, 1886. He studied engraving with his father and with Peter Maverick, whose partner he became in 1817. His "Declaration of Independence," after Trumbull, brought him into prominent notice as an engraver. President of the National Academy of Design, 1845 to 1861.

EDGE OF THE FOREST.

Painted 1871.

78×64.

27.

INNESS, GEORGE.

Born at Newburg, N. Y., 1825; died, 1894. Pupil of Regis Gignoux, 1868. Studied in Italy, 1871-'75. Elected A. N. A., 1853, and N. A., 1868.

SUNSET IN THE WOODS.

Painted 1891.

48×72.

[Mr. Inness, under date of July 23, 1891, writes the following note about the painting:

"The material for my picture was taken from a sketch made near Hastings, Westchester Co., New York, twenty years ago. This picture was commenced seven years ago, but until last winter I had not obtained any idea commensurate with the impression received on the spot. The idea is to represent an effect of light in the woods toward sundown, but to allow the imagination to predominate."]

28.

JH

HART, JAMES McDOUGAL.

Born at Kilmarnock, Scotland, May 10, 1828. Taken to America in 1831. Pupil of his brother, William Hart, and in 1851 of Schirmer, in Düsseldorf. A. N. A. in 1857. N. A. in 1859.

THE DROVE AT THE FORD.

Painted 1874.

54×38.

29.

JH

WHITTREDGE, WORTHINGTON. *See catalogue 11*

Born at Springfield, Ohio, May 22, 1820. Pupil of Andreas Achenbach and of Lessing. Elected N. A., 1861. President of N. A., 1874.

TROUT BROOK IN THE CATSKILLS.

Painted 1875.

34×48.

30.

LEUTZE, EMANUEL. (See No. 22).

CROMWELL AND MILTON.

Painted 1854.

60×84.



S. R. GIFFORD.

RUINS OF THE PARTHENON.

NO. 31.

31.

GIFFORD, SANFORD R.

Born at Greenfield, Saratoga Co., N. Y., 1823; died at New York, 1880. Was made an Academician in 1857.

RUINS OF THE PARTHENON.

Painted 1880.

28×52.

32.

TILTON, JOHN ROLLIN.

Born at London, N. H., 1828; died at Rome, Italy, 1888.

VENETIAN FISHING BOATS.

Painted, Rome, 18—.

36×48.

33.

WEEKS, EDWIN LORD.

Born at Boston, 1849, Pupil of l'École des Beaux Arts and of Bonnat and Gérôme. Chevalier Legion of Honor, 1896.

DEPARTURE FOR THE HUNT—INDIA.

Painted 1884.

38×52.

34.

MOUNT, WILLIAM SIDNEY.

Born on Long Island, 1806; died, 1868. Began the practice of his profession in New York, 1829. Elected member of the N. A. D., 1832. He was the son of a farmer on Long Island, and was in early life a sign-painter. He had a studio on wheels with a plate glass front, in which, drawn by a pair of horses, he could select any point of view he wished, and thus protected from the weather leisurely make his careful studies.

THE LONG STORY.

Painted 1837.

17×22.



NO. 34.

THE LONG STORY.

W. S. MOUNT.

35.

WEYL, MAX.

Born at Mühlem, Würtemburgh, Germany, 1840. Came to America, 1855. Exhibited in National Academy of Design, New York, and at the Prize Fund Exhibition at the American Art Galleries in 1883. Awarded first prize at the Exhibition of the Society of Washington Artists in 1891.

APPROACHING NIGHT.

Painted 1891.

18×24.

36.

ROSSITER, THOMAS P.

Born at New Haven, Conn., 1818; died at Cold Spring, New York, 1871. Medal, Paris, 1855. Elected A. N. A., 1840; N. A., 1849.

REBECCA AT THE WELL.

Painted 1852.

39×32.

37.

RANNEY, WILLIAM.

Born at Middletown, Conn., May 9, 1813; died at West Hoboken, N. J., November 18, 1857.

DUCK SHOOTING.

Painted 1850.

30×40.

38.

DAVIS, CHARLES H.

Born at Amesbury, Mass., 1858. Studied at Boston and Paris, and was awarded the prize of \$2,000 at the Third Prize Fund Exhibition at the American Art Galleries in New York in 1887.

THE DEEPENING SHADOWS.

Painted 1884.

30×45.

39.

BONHAM, HORACE.

Born at West Manchester, Penn., in 1835; died, 1892. Pupil of Bonnat.

THE ISSUE OF THE COCKPIT.

16×27.

40.

McENTEE, JERVIS.

Born at Rondout, N. Y., in 1828; died, 1890. Studied with Church and Thomas Cole, and was made an Academician in 1861.

EASTERN SKY AT SUNSET.

24×20.

41.

MOELLER, LOUIS.

Born at New York. Studied with Duveneck and the German Professor Dietz. The first recipient of the Hallgarten prize. He was made an Academician in 1895.

DISAGREEMENT.

24×34.

42.

REINHART, CHARLES STANLEY.

Born at Pittsburgh, Penn., in 1844. Studied in Paris and at the Royal Academy, Munich, under Professors Streyhüber and Otto.

WASHED ASHORE.

Painted 1887.

78×108.

Gift of the heirs of the Artist.

43.

MINOR, ROBERT C.

Born at New York, 1840. Pupil of Diaz. He is a National Academician, and a member of the American Water Color Society.

EVENTIDE.

22×30.

44.

RANGER, HENRY W.

Born at New York. Began his career in Syracuse. Member of the American Water Color Society.

THE TOP OF THE HILL.

28×36.

45.

ROBINSON, THEODORE.

Born at Irasburg, Vermont, in 1852; died in New York in 1896. Pupil of M. Carolus-Duran and of Gérôme. Awarded the Webb Prize in 1892; also the Shaw Prize in 1892.

VALLEY OF THE SEINE FROM GIVERNY HEIGHTS.

26×32.

46.

BIERSTADT, ALBERT.

Born at Düsseldorf. Brought to America at an early age. Returned to Düsseldorf in 1853 and entered the Academy, afterwards studying in Rome and Germany. Elected a member of the National Academy in 1860; Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, France, 1867. Medals: Austria, Germany, Bavaria, and Belgium, and various Orders.

MOUNT CORCORAN. *I*

(Southern Sierra, Nevada.)

Painted 1875.

60×96.

The peak rises 14,094 feet, and was named in compliment to Mr. Corcoran.

*he is situated in harmony & every mountain
Landing at Monterey Bay at Capital*

47.

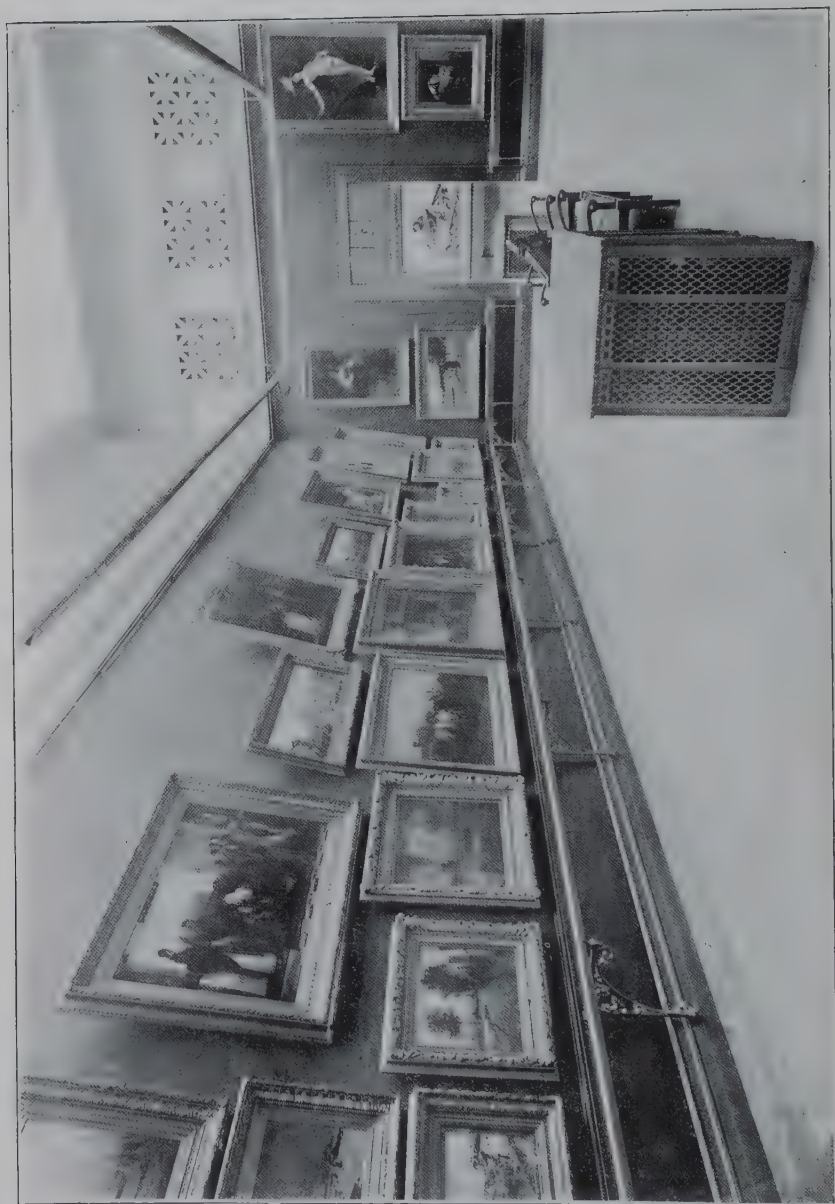
CASILEAR, JOHN W.

Born at New York, 1811; died at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., 1893. Studied in Europe in 1840 and in 1857. Elected an A. N. A. in 1835 and N. A. in 1851.

LAKE GEORGE.

25×45.

Gift of Miss Josephine E. Harrison.



48.

MESSER, EDMUND CLARENCE.

Born at Skowhegan, Maine, in 1842. Studied at National Academy of Design, New York, and at Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, and with Collin, Courtois and Aime Morot in Paris.

SUNSET IN LOUDOUN.

Painted 1899.

48×34.

ULRICH, CHARLES F.

49. Prize picture

Born at New York, 1858. Studied in Munich under Professor Löftz and Lindenschmidt. Secured the Thomas B. Clarke Prize in 1884, and the American Art Gallery prize in 1886. Was elected an Associate of the National Academy in 1883.

IN THE LAND OF PROMISE. (CASTLE GARDEN.)

Painted 1884.

29×36.

migrants with roman nursing diet, etc. etc. etc. etc.
in a garden setting on a hill

50.

DEWEY, CHARLES MELVILLE.

Born at Lowville, N. Y., in 1851. Made his first exhibit at the National Academy of Design, New York, in 1875.

EDGE OF THE FOREST.

Painted 1888.

32×48.

51.

WYLIE, ROBERT.

Born in the Isle of Man; died at Pont Aven, Brittany, 1877. Was taken to America when a child, and began his art studies as a pupil of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts. He was sent by them to France to study. Worked under Gérôme. Medal of Second Class at the Paris Salon of 1872.

A FORTUNE TELLER OF BRITTANY.

34×47.



NO. 53.

THE ROAD TO CONCARNEAU.

W. L. PICKNELL

52.

MURPHY, J. FRANCIS.

Born at Oswego, N. Y., in 1853. Secured the second Hallgarten prize in 1887. Elected Academician in 1887.

OCTOBER.

Painted 1888-'93.

32×50.

53.

PICKNELL, WILLIAM LAMB.

Born in Vermont, 1852; died at Marblehead, Mass., August, 8, 1897. Went to Europe in 1874, studying with George Inness in Rome two years; later, for a few months, under Gérôme in Paris. From France he went to England, and for a number of years was an exhibitor at the Royal Academy. He has lived and painted in Brittany, working under Robert Wylie until the time of that artist's death.

THE ROAD TO CONCARNEAU.

Painted 1880.

40×80.

54.

HUNTINGTON, DANIEL.

Born at New York, 1816. Educated at Hamilton College. Pupil of Professor S. F. B. Morse, and of G. P. Ferrero, Rome. Exhibited first in 1836 at the National Academy of Design, New York. Elected an Associate in 1838. Academician in 1840. President National Academy of Design from 1862 to 1869, and from 1877 to 1891.

MERCY'S DREAM.

Painted 1850.

89×69.

[The scene which this picture illustrates is from Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress, and is as follows: "A sweet dream it was." * * * "Methought I looked up and saw one coming with wings towards me. So he came to me directly and said, Mercy, what aileth thee? He also wiped my eyes with his handkerchief, and clad me in silver and gold. He put a chain about my neck, and earrings in my ears, and a beautiful crown upon my head."]

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55.

JONES, H. BOLTON.

Born at Baltimore, Md., 1848. Studied at Paris, 1876-'80. N. A., 1883.
Bronze Medal, Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1889.

SPRINGTIME.

36×64.

56.

HENRY, EDWARD L.

Born at Charleston, S. C., January 12, 1841. A pupil of the Pennsylvania
Academy of Fine Arts. Studied in Paris with Courbet.

THE OLD WESTOVER MANSION.

11×13.

Gift of a friend.

57.

BROWN, JOHN G. (See No. 16.)

Honorable Mention.

THE LONGSHOREMAN'S NOON.

Painted 1879.

33×50.

58.

VOLK, DOUGLAS.

Born at Pittsfield, Mass., 1856. Studied in Paris at the École des Beaux Arts
under J. L. Gérôme. Member of the Society of American Artists.

ACCUSED OF WITCHCRAFT.

40×50.

59.

TRYON, DWIGHT W.

Born at Hartford, Conn., in 1849. Studied with Daubigny and Harpignies. Received prizes at the National Academy of Design, the Society of American Artists, the Columbian Exposition in Chicago, and other exhibitions. Member of the National Academy and the Society of American Artists.

THE END OF DAY.

31×46.

60.

COUDER, EMILE GUSTAVE.

Born at Paris. Pupil of M. Vasselon. Salon Exhibitor up to 1893.

FLOWER PIECE (WITH CAT).

Bought at Paris Exposition of 1873.

45×58.

61.

NICOL, ERSKINE.

Born at Leith, Scotland, July, 1825. Elected A. R. A., 1866. Medal, Second Class, Paris, 1867.

PADDY'S MARK.

Painted 1868.

24×32.

62.

CHIERICI, GAETANO.

Born at Reggio, Italy, 1838. Professor at Academy, Rome and Florence. Medals: Rome, Lisbon, and Florence.

THE MASK, (OR "FUN AND FRIGHT.")

Painted 1874.

30×42.



NO. 61.

PADDY'S MARK.

E. NICOL.

63.

DETAILLE, JEAN BAPTISTE ÉDOUARD.

Born at Paris, 1848. Favorite pupil of Meissonier. President of the Society of French Artists, 1895. Medals: Paris, 1869, 1870, 1872; Medal of Honor, 1888; Legion of Honor, 1873; Officer, 1881; Commander, 1897; Grand Medal of Honor, 1897; Grand Cordon of the Order of St. Stanislas of Russia, 1897; Military Medal of England (Queen's Jubilee), 1897.

THE PASSING REGIMENT.

Painted 1875.

50×50.

[This picture first appeared in the Paris Exposition of 1875, and was afterwards exhibited in Brussels, when it was purchased for this Gallery. Loaned for Exhibition at the Exhibition Universelle, Paris, 1889, by request of the artist.]

64.

JAPY, LOUIS AIMÉ.

Born at Berne. Medals: 1870, 1873.

SPRING LANDSCAPE.

Painted 1873.

39×63.

65.

KAEMMERER, FREDERICK HENDRIK.

Born at Ghent. Pupil of Gérôme. Medals: Third Class, Paris, 1874.

BEACH AT SCHEVENINGEN, HOLLAND.

Painted 1874.

27×54.

66.

COMTE, PIERRE CHARLES.

Born at Lyons, 1823. Pupil of Paul Delaroche, H. Vernet and Robert Fleury. Medals: Third Class, 1852; Second Class, 1853, 1855 and 1857. Legion of Honor, 1857.

SCENE AT FONTAINEBLEAU—COSTUME OF LOUIS XI.

Painted 1874.

31×21.

67.

ISABEY, EUGENE LOUIS GABRIEL.

Born at Paris, 1804; died at Paris, 1886. Medals: First Class, 1824, 1827, 1855. Legion of Honor, 1832. Officer, 1852.

THE WEDDING FESTIVAL.

Painted 1874.

25×21.

68. *L*

LEROUX, HECTOR.

Born at Verdun, France, 1829. Pupil of Picot, and of the École des Beaux Arts. Won the Second Grand Prix de Rome in 1857. Medals: Paris, 1863, 1864, 1874; of Vienna, 1873; of Amsterdam, 1883; Legion of Honor, 1877; Officer of the Academy, France, 1889.

THE VESTAL TUCCIA.

Painted 1874.

54×98.

This picture carried off a second-class gold medal at the Paris Exposition of 1874.



NO. 69

GOING TO DRINK.

C. TROYON.

69.

TROYON, CONSTANT.

Born at Sevres, 1810; died in Paris, 1865. Pupil of Riocreux and Poupart. Medals: Third Class, 1838; Second Class, 1840; First Class, 1846, 1848, 1855; Legion of Honor, 1849. Member of the Amsterdam Academy. Diploma to the Memory of Deceased Artists. Exposition Universelle, 1878.

GOING TO DRINK.

27×35.

70.

CHIALIVA, LUIGI.

Born at Caslano, Switzerland, 1842. Studied first in Milan and afterwards in Paris and Berlin. Decorated by the King of Italy in 1885.

FINE WEATHER.

Painted 1880.

20×31.

71.

CHIALIVA, LUIGI. (See No. 70.)

A SHOWER.

Painted 1880.

20×31.

72.

JAPY, LOUIS AIMÉ. (See No. 64.)

TWILIGHT.

Painted 1873.

39×63.

73. *L R.*

HENNER, JEAN JACQUES.

Born at Bernwiller, 1829. Pupil of Drölling and of Picot. Prize of Rome, 1858. Medals: 1863, 1865, 1866; Legion of Honor, 1873; Officer of the Legion of Honor, 1878; Medal, Exposition Universelle, 1878; Member of the Institute, 1889.

JOAN OF ARC, IN INFANCY.

22×18.

74.

VIBERT, JEAN GEORGES.

Born at Paris, 1840. Pupil of Picot and Barrias. Medals: 1864, 1867, 1868; Third Class, 1878; Legion of Honor, 1870.

THE SCHISM.

Painted 1874.

15×21.

75. 76.

BURNIER, RICHARD.

Born at The Hague 1826; died in Dusseldorf, 1884. Member of the Amsterdam Academy.

CATTLE ON THE SEA-SHORE NEAR SCHEVENINGEN.

Painted 1881.

42×64.

Awarded a gold medal at the Brussels Exposition of 1881.

76.

SAINT-JEAN, SIMON.

Born at Lyons, 1808; died at Ecully, 1860. Medals: 1834, 1841, 1855; Legion of Honor, 1843.

FRUIT.

Painted 1855.

19×26.

77.

LOUSTAUNAU, LOUIS AUGUSTE GEORGE.

Born at Paris, 1846. Pupil of Vibert and Gérôme.

MONK FISHING.

Painted 1874.

36×28.



NO. 79.

CHARLOTTE CORDAY IN PRISON.

C. L. MULLER.

78.

REBOUET, ALBOY.

NIGHT.

Painted 1867.

84×52.

In the Vienna Exposition of 1873.

79.

MULLER, CHARLES LOUIS.

Born at Paris, 1815. Medals: 1838, 1846, 1848, 1855. Legion of Honor, 1849; Officer, 1859. Pupil of Cogniet, Gros, and of the École des Beaux Arts.

CHARLOTTE CORDAY IN PRISON.

Painted 1875.

41×33.

80.

VELY, ANTOLE.

Born at Ronsoy, 1838; died at Paris, 1882. Medals: 1874, 1880.

THE TALKING WELL.

Painted 1873.

71×38.

81.

HEILBUTH, FERDINAND.

Born at Hamburg; died at Paris, 1889. Medals: 1857, 1859, 1861. Member of the Legion of Honor, 1861; Officer, 1881; Chevalier Order of Leopold, Belgium.

ON THE PINCIAN HILL, ROME.

(CARDINAL QUESTIONING ACOLYTES.)

33×55.



NO. 83.

LANDSCAPE WITH CATTLE.

E. VAN MARCKE.



NO. 84.

LOST DOGS.

O. VON THOREN.

82.

MOROT, AIMÉ NICHOLAS.

Born at Nancy, 1850. Pupil of Cabanel and École des Beaux Arts. Prix de Rome, 1873. Medals: 1876, 1877, 1879; Medal of Honor, 1883; Grand Prix, 1889; Officer of the Legion of Honor.

EL BRAVO TORO.

Painted 1884.

59×32.

83.

VAN MARCKE, EMILE.

Born at Sevres, 1827; died, 1891. Pupil of Troyon. Medals: 1867, 1869, 1870, 1878; Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1872.

LANDSCAPE WITH CATTLE.

24×30.

84.

VON THOREN, OTTO.

Born at Vienna, 1829. Member of the Vienna and St. Petersburg Academies. Medals: Paris, 1865; Munich, 1869; Vienna, 1882; Order of Francis Joseph; Russian Order of Vladimir.

LOST DOGS.

Painted, 1873.

57×47.

85.

DAUBIGNY, CHARLES FRANÇOIS.

Born at Paris, 1817; died there, 1878. Son and pupil of the distinguished miniature painter of the French Restoration, Edme François Daubigny, 1789-1843. Studied under Paul Delaroche. Medals: 1848, 1853, 1855, 1857, 1859, 1867. Legion of Honor, 1859. Officer of the Legion of Honor, 1874. Diploma to the Memory of Deceased Artists. Exposition Universelle, 1878.

A HAMLET ON THE SEINE, NEAR VERNON.

Painted 1872.

34×58.

86.

SAINT-PIERRE, GASTON CASIMIR.

Born at Nîmes, 1833. Pupil of Jalabert and Cogniet. Medals: 1868, 1879. Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1881.

NEDJMA—ODALISQUE.

Painted 1874.

43×60.

87.

COURBET, GUSTAVE.

Born at Ornans (Doubs), 1819; died at Tour de Peil, near Vevay, 1878. Studied chiefly with David d'Angers. He exhibited in 1844, though it was not until 1849 that he first attracted attention. As chief instigator of the overthrow of the Vendôme Column, May 16, 1871, he was sentenced to six months imprisonment and to bear the cost of restoration. After his release he retired to Switzerland.

LANDSCAPE.

19×25.

88.

DUPRÉ, JULES.

Born at Nantes, 1812; died at Paris, 1889. Medals: Second Class, 1833 and 1867. Legion of Honor, 1849; Officer, 1870.

THE POND OF THE GREAT OAK.

37×30.

89.

MORETTI, ANTONIO.

THE FORUM, FROM THE TABULARIUM, ROME.

Painted 1853.

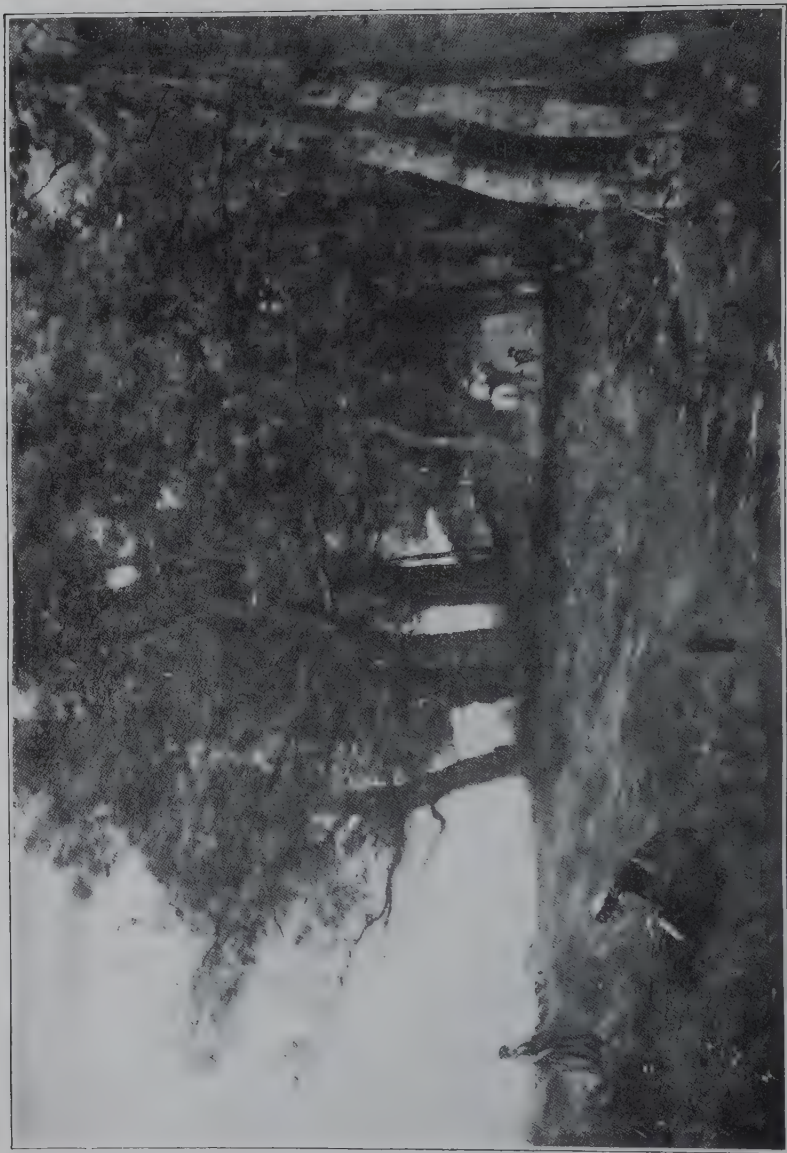
21×64.



NO. 90.

THE FORESTER AT HOME.

L. KNAUS.



90.

KNAUS, LUDWIG.

Born at Wiesbaden, 1829. Pupil of Dusseldorf Academy under Sohn and Schadow in 1846-52, then studied in Paris until 1860. Professor at the Berlin Academy from 1874 to 1884. Medals: Paris, Second Class, 1853; First Class, 1855, 1857, 1859; Legion of Honor, 1859; Officer, 1867; Grand Medal of Honor, 1867; Knight of Prussian Order of Merit, etc., and many medals.

THE FORESTER AT HOME.

Painted 1886.

40×56

91.

FAED, JOHN.

Born at Burley Mill, Kirkcudbrightshire, Scotland, 1820. Member R. S. A., 1851.

SHAKESPEARE AND HIS CONTEMPORARIES.

53×68.

92.

COROT, JEAN BAPTISTE CAMILLE.

Born at Paris, 1796; died there, 1875. Pupil of Michallon and Victor Bertin. Medals: Second Class, 1833; First Class, 1848 and 1855; Second Class, 1867. Legion of Honor, 1846; Officer, 1867; Diploma to the memory of Deceased Artists, Exposition Universelle, 1878.

WOOD GATHERERS.

Painted 1875.

44×63.

93.

MORETTI, ANTONIO.

PIAZZA OF ST. PETER'S, ROME.

Painted 1853.

21×64.

94.

SCHREYER, ADOLPHE.

Born at Frankfort-on-the-Main, 1828; died, 1899. Member of Antwerp and Rotterdam Academies. Medals: Brussels, 1863; Paris, 1864, 1865, 1867; Munich, 1876; Order of Leopold, 1866; Honorary Member of the Deutsches Nochtstift; Court Painter to Grand Duke of Mecklenburg, 1862; Officer of the Star of Roumania, 1888.

THE WATERING PLACE.

41×68.

95.

PAUWELS, FERDINAND.

Born at Eckeren, near Antwerp, 1830. Pupil of the Antwerp Academy, 1842-'50, under Dujardin, then of Wappers; won the Grand Prix de Rome in 1852. Gold Medals: 1857, 1864, 1868. Order of Leopold, 1861.

JUSTICE TO LEVIN PYN.

Painted 1862.

45×71.

[Levin Pyn, First Magistrate of Ghent (1541), was wrongly accused by his ambitious colleagues, and beheaded by order of Charles V. Afterwards, the emperor, convinced of his innocence, ordered solemn mass, and a proclamation to be read by the priest declaring Pyn's innocence, in the presence of his mourning family and four of his accusers.]

96.

DIAZ DE LA PEÑA, NARCISSE VIRGILE.

Born at Bordeaux, of Spanish parents, 1808; died at Mentone, 1876. Medals: Third Class, 1844; Second Class, 1846; First Class, 1848. Legion of Honor, 1851.

THE APPROACHING STORM.

Painted 1870.

33×42.



NO. 100.

THE BANKS OF THE ADIGE.

MARTINICO.

97.

CAZIN, JEAN CHARLES.

Born at Samer (Pas-de-Calais). Medals: First Class, 1880; Legion of Honor, 1882.

MOONLIGHT IN HOLLAND.

25×32.

98.

ZIEM, FELIX.

Born at Beaune (Côte-d'Or), 1821. Pupil of Art School of Dijon. Medals: Third Class, 1851, 1855; First Class, 1852. Legion of Honor, 1857. Officer, 1878.

CONSTANTINOPLE, FROM THE GOLDEN HORN.

Painted 1874.

32×50.

99.

BRETON, EMILE ADELARD.

Born at Courrières. Brother and pupil of Jules Breton. Medals: 1866, 1867, 1868, 1878. Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1878. Member of the Order of Leopold.

SNOW SCENE—MOONRISE.

Painted 1873.

22×34.

100.

RICO, MARTIN.

Born at Madrid, Spain. Pupil of Federico de Madrazo. Studied in Paris and Rome. Prix de Rome, 1862. Medals: Paris, Third Class, 1878; Second Class, 1889; Exposition Universelle; Legion of Honor, 1878.

THE BANKS OF THE ADIGE.

18×31.

101.

BRETON, JULES ADOLPHE.

Born at Courrières (Pas-de-Calais), 1827. Pupil of Drölling and Dévigne; Medals: Third Class, 1855; Second Class, 1857; First Class, 1859, 1861, 1867. Medal of Honor, 1872; Legion of Honor, 1861; Officer, 1867.

BRITTANY WIDOW.

Painted 1886.

36×31.

[Represents a sailor's widow, who carries to the altar of St. Ann, the virgin patroness of Brittany sailors, a taper to the memory of her husband.]

102.

BECKER, CARL LUDWIG FRIEDERICK.

Born, 1820. Professor and Senator of the Royal Academy of Berlin. President, 1888.

POPE JULIUS II, WITH RAPHAEL, M. ANGELO, VITTORIA COLONNA, AND BRAMANTE, VIEWING THE
NEWLY EXHUMED STATUE OF THE
APPOLLO BELVEDERE.

Painted 1887.

55×77.

103.

FRERE, PIERRE EDOUARD.

Born at Paris, 1819; died, 1886. Pupil of Paul Delaroche and of École des Beaux Arts. Medals: Third Class, 1850 and in 1855; Second Class, 1852; Legion of Honor, 1855.

PREPARING FOR CHURCH.

Painted 1853.

18×22.

104.

MACCARI, CESARE.

Born, Sienna, 1840. Gold Medals: Sienna and Parma, 1869; Great Prize, Turin, 1880; Order of the Italian Crown.

THE FORTUNE-TELLER.

12×16.

105.

PREYER, JOHANN WILHELM.

Born at Rheydt, near Düsseldorf, 1803; died, 1889. Pupil of Düsseldorf Academy, 1822-27.

FRUIT.

Painted 1842.

20×21.

106.

BAIL, J. A.

SUNDAY MORNING IN AUVERGNE.

Painted 1874.

35×46.

107.

FREY, J. J.

Born, Switzerland; died at Frascati, near Rome, 1865.

ROME.

Painted 1859.

38×53.

Gift of Louis C. Garnier, St. Louis, Mo.

PAINTINGS.

65

108.

FREY J. J. (See No. 107.)

TIVOLI.

Painted 1859.

38×53.

Gift of Louis C. Garnier, St. Louis, Mo.

109.

MORLAND, GEORGE.

Born at London, 1763; died there, 1804. Morland exhibited altogether at the Royal Academy between 1779 and 1804, thirty-six pictures. Painted chiefly country scenes with domestic animals, and enjoyed a high reputation.

THE FARM HOUSE.

35×44.

110.

DE MARNE, JEAN LOUIS.

Born at Brussels, 1754; died at Paris, 1829. Called Demarnette. Medals: 1806-'9. Legion of Honor, 1828.

INTERIOR.

8×10.

111.

DE MARNE, JEAN LOUIS. (See No. 110.)

INTERIOR.

8×10

112.

COUTURE, THOMAS.

Born at Senlis (Oise), 1815; died at Villiers le Bel (Seine et Oise), 1879. Pupil of Gros and Paul Delaroche. Won the Grand Prix in 1837. Medals: 1844, 1847, 1855. Legion of Honor, 1848.

FEMALE HEAD.

18×21.

113.

BJOREK, OSCAR.

THE NAILMAKERS.

52×58.

Gift to the Gallery by a number of its friends, May 1, 1896.

114.

HILDEBRANDT, EDUARD.

Born at Dantzic, 1817; died at Berlin, 1868. Professor Berlin Academy, 1853.

MOONRISE IN MADEIRA.

Painted 1856.

36×48.

115.

DE BRAEKELEER, FERDINAND.

Born at Antwerp, 1792; died there 1883. Pupil of Antwerp Academy. Obtained the Great Prize in 1819. Order of Leopold. Director of Antwerp Museum.

THE HAPPY FAMILY.

Painted 1853.

33×28.



NO. 117.

THE HELPING HAND.

E. RENOUF.

116.

DE BRAEKELEER, FERDINAND. (See No. 115.)

THE UNHAPPY FAMILY.

Painted 1853.

33×28.

117.

RENOUF, EMILE.

Born at Paris, June 23, 1845; died, 1894. Pupil of Boulanger, Jules Lefébvre, and of Carolus Duran. Medals: Second Class, 1880; Gold Medal and Legion of Honor, 1889.

THE HELPING HAND.

Painted 1881.

60×89.

Loaned for exhibition in the Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1889, by request of the artist.

118.

AÏVASOVSKY, J.

THE RELIEF SHIP.

[Arrival in Riga of the American vessel bearing supplies to sufferers by the famine in Russia, 1892.]

18×26.

Gift of J. Aïvasovsky.

119.

AÏVASOVSKY, J.

DISTRIBUTING SUPPLIES.

[Illustrating the mode of distributing supplies sent by Americans to sufferers by the famine in Russia, 1892.]

18×26.

Gift of J. Aïvasovsky.

120.

COLLETTE, A.

THE YOUNG SAVOYARD MUSICIAN.

Painted 1873.

36×24.

121.

BRENNER, CARL C.

Born at Lautrechen, Bavaria, 1838; died, Louisville, Ky., 1888.

AFTERNOON IN EARLY JUNE.

Painted 1880.

26×46.

122.

GOTTHOLD, FLORENCE.

Born at Uhrichsville, Ohio, 1858.

THE DIFFICULT TASK.

Painted 1886.

27×21.

123.

MAYER, FRANK BLACKWELL.

Born at Baltimore, 1827; died, July 28, 1899. Pupil of Gleyre and Briou, Paris. Medal and Diploma, Philadelphia, 1876. Medal of Maryland Institute.

LEISURE AND LABOR.

Painted 1853.

15×23.

124.

ARTIST UNKNOWN.

VIRGIN AND CHILD.

23×19.

125.

ELLIOTT, CHARLES LORING. (See No. 1.)

HEAD OF A ROMAN GIRL (UNFINISHED.)

Painted 1868.

22×18.

126.

VENNEMAN, CHARLES FERDINAND.

Born at Ghent, 1803; died, 1875. Pupil of De Braekeleer and of the Ghent Academy. Medal: Antwerp, 1845.

THE VILLAGE DOCTOR.

Painted 1850.

18×24.

127.

PERETTI, B. ROME.

AUTUMNAL CORN AND GRAPES.

Painted 1875.

21×17.

128.

WEBER, PAUL.

Born at Darmstadt, 1823. Pupil of Lucas, and in Frankfort of the Städel Institute. Studied in Antwerp under Deichmann.

SCENE IN THE CATSKILLS.

Painted 1858.

21×17.

129.

COUDER, EMILE GUSTAVE. (See No. 60.)

FLOWER PIECE.

Painted 1872.

14×17.

130.

BAKER, GEORGE A.

Born at New York, 1821; died there, 1880. Pupil National Academy. Elected N. A., 1851.

IDEAL HEAD.

Painted 1865.

27×22.

131.

BROWN, W.

Born in England.

RETURN FROM MARKET.

25×31.

132.

JEANNIN, GEORGE C.

Born in Paris. Medal: Third Class, 1878.

VASE OF FLOWERS.

Painted 1873.

33×24.

133.

SULLY, THOMAS.

Born at Horncastle, Lincolnshire, England, 1783; died at Philadelphia, 1872. Studied under Benjamin West, and for a short time under Gilbert Stuart, at Boston. Exhibited at the Royal Academy, 1820-1840.

IDEAL FEMALE HEAD.

30×25.

134.

ODDIE, W. M.

SCENE NEAR LENOX, MASS.

Painted 1850.

36×49.

135.

ROBBE, LOUIS.

Born at Courtray, Belgium, 1806. Medals: Brussels 1839-'42; Paris, Third Class, 1844; Second Class, 1855. Legion of Honor, 1845. Order of Leopold, 1843. Officer, 1863.

LANDSCAPE AND CATTLE.

33×48.

136.

EASTMAN, SETH.

Born at Brunswick, Maine, 1808; died, 1875. (Col. U. S. A.)

BALL PLAYING AMONG THE SIOUX INDIANS.

Painted 1857.

28×40.

137.

DETAILLE, JEAN BAPTISTE EDOUARD. (See No. 63.)

FRENCH CUIRASSIERS BRINGING IN BAVARIAN PRISONERS (WATER COLOR).

Painted 1875.

17×22.

138.  

MENGES, ANTON RAPHAEL.

Born at Aussig, Bohemia, 1728; died at Rome, 1779. Pupil of Ismael Mengs, Court Painter to the King of Poland, Augustus III. Cardinal Albain and Pope Clement XIV employed him to paint for them at Rome. Charles III of Spain called him to Madrid in 1761 as Court Painter.

ADORATION OF THE SHEPHERDS.

104×60.

From the Collection of Joseph Bonaparte.

139.

SCHAFER, AUGUST.

Born at Vienna, 1833. Pupil of Vienna Academy. Medals: Strasburg, 1859; Nassau.

SUNSET IN HUNGARIAN FOREST.

42×61.

Gift of Edward Lind Morse.

140.

FULLER, GEORGE.

Born at Deerfield, Mass., 1822; died at Boston, 1884. Studied in Boston, New York, London, and on the Continent of Europe. A. N. A., 1857.

LORETTE.

Painted 1882. 

50×30.

141.

GIGNOUX, REGIS.

Born at Lyons, 1816; died, 1882. Member N. A., 1851.

LANDSCAPE.

Painted 1840.

34×30.

142.

NEUBERT, LOUIS.

Born at Leipsic, 1846. Pupil of the Weimer Art School under Max Schmidt and Kalkreuth

AN OLD CASTLE IN BAVARIA.

Gift of Ralph C. Johnson.

31×53.

143.

LACHENWITZ, F.

Pupil of Düsseldorf Academy.

DOG AND PARROTS.

Painted 1847.

38×32.

144.

STANLEY, J. M.

THE DISPUTED SHOT.

36×29.

145.

CRANCH, CHRISTOPHER PEASE.

Born at Alexandria, Va., 1813; died at Cambridge, Mass., 1892. Elected N. A., 1864.

CASTLE GONDOLFO, LAKE ALBANO.

Painted 1852.

36×54.

146.

SALMSON, HUGO FREDERICK.

Born at Stockholm, 1843; died at Lund, Sweden, 1894. Medal: Paris, 1879.
 Legion of Honor, 1879. Member of the Stockholm Academy, 1871.

THE FÊTE OF ST. JOHN IN DALECARLIA, SWEDEN.

Painted 1874.

46×90.

147.

PORTAELS, JEAN FRANCIS.

Born at Vilvord, near Brussels, 1818. Pupil of Paul Delaroche. Won the
 Grand Prix de Rome, 1841. Order of Leopold. Medals: Paris, 1855.

THE DROUGHT IN EGYPT.

Painted 1848.

87×108.

[This picture took the special gold medal, awarded at the Exhibition of the
 Crystal Palace, Sydenham, for the best picture, without regard to school, style,
 or subject, by a living artist.]

148.

DESGOFFE, BLAISE ALEXANDER.

Born at Paris, 1830; died, 1886. Pupil of Flandrin and Bouguereau. Medals:
 1861-1863. Legion of Honor, 1878.

SOUVENIRS OF THE SIXTEENTH AND SEVENTEENTH CENTURIES.

Painted 1874.

40×36.

149.

ACHENBACH, OSWALD.

Born at Düsseldorf, 1827. Brother and pupil of Andreas Achenbach. Medals:
 Paris, 1859, 1861, 1863. Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1863.

FESTIVAL OF SANTA LUCIA, NAPLES.

Painted 1886.

60×81.

150.

WATTS, GEORGE FREDERICK.

Born at London, 1818. Pupil of Royal Academy. Elected A. R. A., 1867; R. A., 1868. Medals: First Class, Paris, 1878; Legion of Honor, 1878; First Class, Antwerp Exhibition, 1885.

LOVE AND LIFE.

86×47.

Presented by the Artist to the United States Government, and deposited in this Gallery by direction of the President of the United States.

151.

SCHEFFER, ARY.

Born at Dordrecht, 1797; died at Argenteine, 1858. Pupil of Guérin. Officer of the Legion of Honor, 1825. Produced his greatest works between 1835 and 1848.

COUNT EBERHARD OF WURTEMBERG (THE WEEPER).

65×76.

[The subject of this picture is as follows: Ulrich, son of Count Eberhard, had lost the battle of Reutlingen, and was dangerously wounded. Many of the nobility were slain. On his recovery he leisurely sought his father, at Stuttgart, and found him over his solitary meal. He was coldly received. Not a word was spoken. With downcast eyes he placed himself opposite his father. Fish and wine were served to him. The old count seized a knife, and cut the tablecloth between them. Frenzied by this insult, Ulrich rushed into the middle of the next fight, gains the battle of Doffingen, and was slain.—*Ballad of Uhland*.

"And while we were celebrating the victory in our camp, what was the old Count doing? Alone in his tent, weeping over the dead body of his only son."—*Ballad of Schiller*.]

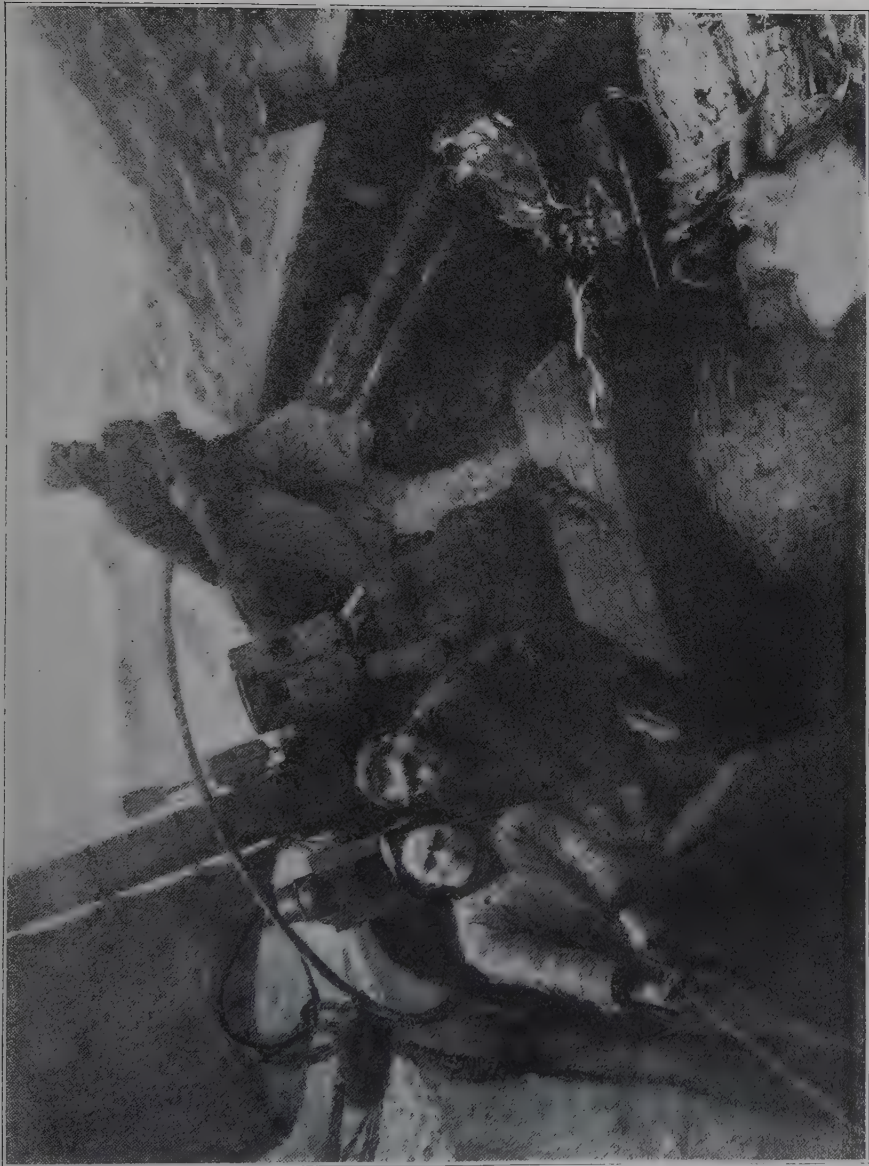
152.

BRETON, EMILE ADELARD. (See No. 99.)

SUNSET.

Painted 1869.

43×60.



NO. 154.

READY ABOUT.

E. L. VAIL.

153.

PRIOU, LOUIS.

Born at Toulouse, 1845. Medals: Paris, 1869-'74.

A FAMILY OF SATYRS.

Painted 1874.

78×86.

This picture took the Gold Medal of the First Class at the Paris Exposition, 1874.

154.

VAIL, EUGENE L.

Born at St. Servan, France, of American parents, 1856. First Class Medal, Exposition Universelle, 1889. Gold Medal, Salon Paris. Grand Diploma, Berlin, 1891. First Class Medal, Antwerp, 1894. Decoration Cross of Legion of Honor, 1894.

READY ABOUT

Painted 1888.

84×124.

155.

DUMARESQU, ARMAND CHARLES ÉDOUARD.

Born at Paris, 1826. Pupil of Thomas Couture. Medal: Third Class, 1861, 1863. Order of St. Maurice, 1859. Legion of Honor, 1867. Officer, 1881.

THE GENEVA CONFERENCE.

50×81.

Gift of Herbert Dumaesq, of Boston.

156.

LE ROUX, L. EUGÈNE.

Born at Paris, 1833. Medals: 1864, 1873, 1875. Legion of Honor, 1871.

ALEXANDER II OF RUSSIA, RECEIVING THE RESOLUTIONS OF CONGRATULATION ON HIS ESCAPE FROM ASSASSINATION, PASSED BY CONGRESS, AUGUST, 1866.

45×58.

Gift of Mrs. G. V. Fox.

157.

GÉROME, JEAN LEON.

Born at Vesoul, France, 1824. Pupil of Paul Delaroche and l'École des Beaux Arts. Medals: Paris, 1847, 1848, 1855. Member of the Institute, 1865. Medal of Honor (Exposition Universelle), 1867. One of the Eight Grand Medals of Honor (Exposition Universelle), 1878. Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1855. Officer, 1867. Commander, 1878. Chevalier of the Order of the Red Eagle. Member of the Royal Academy, London. Professor at l'École des Beaux Arts, Paris.

CÆSAR DEAD.

86×25.

158.

TAIT, ARTHUR FITZWILLIAM.

Born at Livesey Hall, near Liverpool, 1819. Pupil of Royal Institute, Manchester. Came to New York in 1850. Elected N. A., 1858.

QUAIL AND YOUNG.

Painted 1856.

10×13.

159.

HAYS, WILLIAM JACOB.

Born at New York, August, 1830; died at New York, 1875.

HEAD OF A BULL-DOG.

Painted 1856,

12×13.

160.

JOHNSON, EASTMAN.

Born at Lovell, Maine, 1824. Elected N. A., 1860.

GIRLS AND PETS.

Painted 1856.

25×29.

161.

INNESS, GEORGE. (See No. 27.)

LANDSCAPE.

19×26.

162.

KENSETT, JOHN FREDERICK. (See No. 19.)

SKETCH OF MOUNT WASHINGTON.

Painted 1851.

11×20.

163.

BOUQUET, MICHAEL.

Born at L'Orient (Morbihan), 1807. Pupil of Gaudin. Medals: 1839, 1847, 1848. Legion of Honor, 1881.

LANDSCAPE.

16×34.

164.

HALL, GEORGE HENRY.

Born in Boston, 1825. Studied in Düsseldorf in 1849, and painted in Paris, 1850-'52. Member of the National Academy of Design, New York.

THE DREAM.

Painted 1884.

35×39.

Gift of the Artist.

165.

JEFFERSON, JOSEPH.

A distinguished comedian. Born at Philadelphia, 1829. Mr. Jefferson has devoted much of his leisure to the study of landscape painting.

FOREST AND STREAM.

Painted 1894.

20×30.

Gift of the Artist.

166.

CROPSEY, JASPER FRANCIS.

Born at Rossville, N. Y., 1823. Pupil of Edward Maury. Elected N. A. in 1851.

WASHINGTON'S HEADQUARTERS ON THE HUDSON.

22×37.

167.

CHURCH, FREDERICK EDWIN. (See No. 24.)

SCENERY ON THE MAGDALENA RIVER, GRANADA,
SOUTH AMERICA.

Painted 1854.

26×36.

168.

HELMICK, HOWARD.

Born at Zanesville, Ohio, 1845. Pupil of l'École des Beaux Arts, Paris, and of Cabanel. Member of the Royal Society of British Artists.

THE EMIGRANT'S LETTER.

Painted 1868.

20×16.

169.

SIEBERT, EDWARD S.

Born at Washington, D. C., 1856. Studied under Professor Albert Baur and Karl Gusserv, in Weimar Academy.

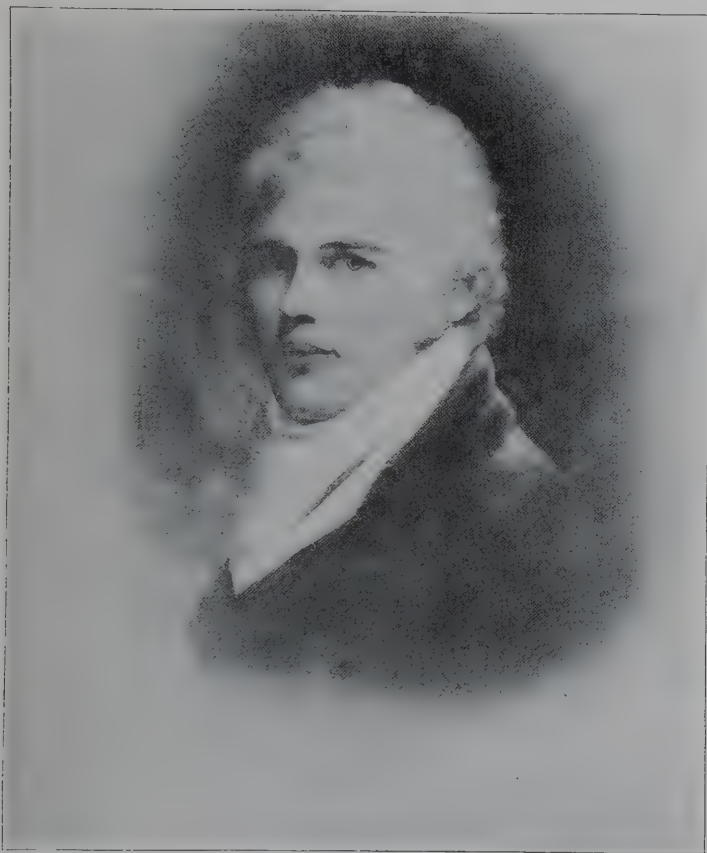
THE FLUTE PLAYER.

Painted 1900.

30×26.

Gift of Mrs. E. F. Andrews.

NOTE.—From No. 169 to 200 left blank for future additions.



NO. 267.

EDWARD G. MALBONE.

MALBONE.

PORTRAITS.

200.

HEALY, GEORGE PETER ANDERSON.

Born at Boston, 1808; died at Chicago, Ill., 1895. Studied in Paris 1836; went to Chicago about 1858 and painted portraits; revisited Europe in 1869, and resided long in Rome. Exhibited at Paris Salon and National Academy, New York, of which he was an Honorary Member. Medals: Paris, Third Class, 1840; Second Class, 1855.

PRESIDENT GEORGE WASHINGTON (AFTER STUART).

30×25.

201.

HEALY, G. P. A.

MARTHA WASHINGTON (AFTER STUART).

30×25.

202.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT JOHN ADAMS (AFTER STUART).

30×25.

203.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT THOMAS JEFFERSON (AFTER STUART).

30×25.

204.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT JAMES MADISON (AFTER C. HARDING).

30×25.

205.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT JAMES MONROE (A COPY).

30×25.

206.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT JOHN Q. ADAMS.

30×25.

207.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT ANDREW JACKSON.

Painted 1845.

30×25.

Painted at the Hermitage a short time before the death of President Jackson.

208.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT MARTIN VAN BUREN.

Painted 1857.

30×25.

209.

ANDREWS, ELIPHALET F.

Born at Steubenville, Ohio, 1835. Pupil of Düsseldorf Academy and of Knaus and Bonnat. Elected Instructor of Drawing in Corcoran School of Art, 1887.

PRESIDENT WILLIAM H. HARRISON.

Painted 1879.

30×25.

(From a portrait by J. H. Beard, 1840.)

210.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT JOHN TYLER.

Painted 1842.

30×25.

211.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT JAMES K. POLK.

Painted 1846.

30×25.

212.

VANDERLYN, JOHN.

Born at Kingston, N. Y., 1776; died there, 1852. Pupil of Gilbert Stuart.
Medal: Paris, 1808.

PRESIDENT ZACHARY TAYLOR.

Painted from life, 1852.

30×25.

213.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT MILLARD FILLMORE.

30×25.

214.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT FRANKLIN PIERCE.

30×25.

215.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT JAMES BUCHANAN.

Painted 1859.

30×25.

216.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Painted 1860.

30×25.

217.

ANDREWS, E. F. (See No. 209.)

PRESIDENT ANDREW JOHNSON.

30×25.

218.

ULKE, HENRY.

Born at Frankenstein (Prussian Silesia), 1821. Pupil of Professor Wach (Court Painter at Berlin).

PRESIDENT ULYSSES S. GRANT.

Painted 1882.

30×25.

219.

ANDREWS, E. F. (See No. 209).

PRESIDENT RUTHERFORD B. HAYES.

Painted 1881.

30×25.

220.

MATHEWS, WILLIAM T.

Born at Bristol, England, 1821. Came to the United States in 1833. Student National Academy of Design, New York.

PRESIDENT JAMES A. GARFIELD.

30×25.

221.

HEALY, G. P. A.

PRESIDENT CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

Painted 1884.

30×25.

222

UHL, S. JEROME.

Born at Millersburgh, Ohio, 1841. Studied under Carolus Duran, P. de Chavannes and M. Raphael Collin.

PRESIDENT GROVER CLEVELAND.

Painted 1891.

30×25.

223.

MATHEWS, WILLIAM T. (See No. 220.)

PRESIDENT BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Painted 1899.

30×25.

224.

MATHEWS, WILLIAM T. (See No. 220.)

PRESIDENT WILLIAM McKINLEY.

Painted 1900.

30×25.

225.

SULLY, THOMAS. (See No. 133.)

ANDREW JACKSON (FULL LENGTH.)

Painted 1825.

95×60.

226.

INMAN, HENRY (Attributed to).

HENRY CLAY.

26×21.

227.

GUTHERZ, CARL.

Born at Schoeffland, Switzerland, 1844. Came to the United States in 1851. Studied in the Academie des Beaux Arts, Paris, and under Jules Lefebvre. Awarded Medal and Diploma International Exposition, Philadelphia, 1876. Third Class Medal, Paris, 1889. Member of National Jury, Chicago Columbian Exposition.

MISS SUSAN B. ANTHONY.

24×20.

Gift of Mrs. John B. Henderson.

228.

HUNTINGTON, DANIEL. (See No. 54.)

MRS. BENJAMIN OGLE TAYLOE.

Painted 1878.

41×36.

Gift of Mrs. B. O. Tayloe.

229.

STUART, GILBERT.

Born at Narragansett, Rhode Island, 1755; died, Boston, 1828. Went to England in 1775. Pupil and assistant to Benjamin West, President of the Royal Academy. In 1785, he set up a studio of his own in London, achieving marked popularity. He returned to America in 1792. Among his sitters in Europe were three Kings, Louis XVI, George III, and George IV while Prince of Wales. He painted many distinguished artists, and six Presidents of the United States sat to him for their Portraits, viz: Washington, Adams, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe and John Quincy Adams. He painted but three portraits of Washington from life; one he destroyed, the second he made life size (the Lansdowne portrait), the third is in the Boston Museum of Fine Arts. From these he painted twenty-six (26) copies.

CHIEF-JUSTICE EDWARD SHIPPEN,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

29×24.

230.

ELLIOTT, CHARLES LORING. (See No. 1).

COLONEL THOMAS L. MCKENNEY.

30×24.

Bequeathed to the Gallery by the late James C. McGuire.

231.

HEALY, G. P. A. (See No. 200).

MRS. R. C. M. PAGE.

Painted 1859.

67×47.

Gift of Dr. R. C. M. Page.

232.

ELLIOTT, CHARLES LORING. (See No. 1).

JAMES C. MCGUIRE.

Painted 1854.

30×25.

Bequeathed to the Gallery by the late James C. McGuire.

233.

ELLIOTT, CHARLES LORING. (See No. 1.)

WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

Painted 1854.

24×20.

Bequeathed to the Gallery by the late James C. McGuire.

234.

HUNTINGTON, DANIEL. (See No. 54.)

BENJAMIN OGLE TAYLOE.

47×38.

Gift of Mrs. B. O. Tayloe.

235.

HUNTINGTON, DANIEL. (See No. 54.)

JOSEPH HENRY.

Painted 1857.

25×18.

Bequeathed to the Gallery by the late James C. McGuire.

236.

ELLIOTT, CHARLES LORING. (See No. 1.)

A. B. DURAND.

Painted 1864.

27×22.

237.

ELDER, JOHN A.

GENERAL ROBERT EDWARD LEE.

48×40.

238.

DUPLESSIS, JOSEPH SIFREDE.

Born at Carpentras, France, 1725; died, 1802. Keeper of the Museum of Versailles. Admitted to the Royal Academy, 1774.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.

Painted 1782.

30×25.

[On the back of the stretcher is this inscription: "This picture of Dr. Franklin was painted at Paris, 1782, and was presented by him to Mr. William Hodson, of Coleman Street, as a token of his regard and friendship."]

239.

ELDER, JOHN A.

GENERAL T. J. JACKSON.

48×40.

240.

HUBARD, WILLIAM J.

Born at Warwick, England, 1807; died, Richmond, Va., 1862

JOHN C. CALHOUN.

Cabinet size.

241.

VANDERLYN, JOHN. (See No. 212.)

PRESIDENT ZACHARY TAYLOR.

Painted from life, 1852.

30×25.

242.

RICHARD, MADAM EMMA G.

BARON HUMBOLDT.

38×24.

243.

HEALY, G. P. A. (See No. 200.)

JUSTIN S. MORRELL, OF VERMONT.

Gift of W. W. Corcoran.

244.

ANDREWS, E. F. (See No. 209.)

AMERIGO VESPUCCI.

Copied from an original in the possession of J. D. McGuire.

Gift of E. F. Andrews.

245.

LE CLEAR, THOMAS.

Born at Oswego, N. Y., 1818. Elected N. A., 1863.

WILLIAM PAGE.

Painted 1876.

24×20.

246.

PEALE, REMBRANDT.

Born in Bucks Co., Penn., 1787; died at Philadelphia, 1860. Son of Charles Wilson Peale. Pupil of his father and Benjamin West. Exhibited at Royal Academy, London, 1833.

M. LASTEYRIE.

28×33.

[This picture, according to an inscription on the back, is a portrait of a "distinguished French economist and author—the first to establish a museum of natural history, a writer on cotton and merino sheep," and was painted in Paris (no date), by Peale, for the Philadelphia Museum.]

247.

HEALY, G. P. A. (See No. 200).

ROBERT M. McLANE.

Painted 1887.

60×42.

Presented to Mr. Corcoran by Mr. McLane.

248.

JACKSON, JOHN.

Born at Lasingham, Yorkshire, 1778; died at London, 1831. Elected A. R. A., 1815; R. A., 1817; elected a Member of the Academy of St. Luke, Rome, 1819.

PORTRAIT.

30×24.

Gift of S. H. Kauffmann.

249.

PEIXOTTO, GEORGE DA MADURA.

Born at Cleveland, Ohio, 1859.

SIR MOSES MONTEFIORE,
(AT THE AGE OF 100 YEARS.)

Painted 1886.

43×35.

250.

PEALE, REMBRANDT. (See No. 246.)

JACQUES HENRI BERNARDIN DE SAINT PIÉRE,

Painted from life, 1808.

28×23.

Gift of George W. Riggs.

251.

KING, CHARLES B.

Born at Newport, R. I., 1785; died at Washington, D. C., 1862.

JOHN C. CALHOUN,
(WHEN SECRETARY OF WAR.)

Painted 1822.

30×25.

252.

COSTAGGINI, FILLIPPE.

CARDINAL SATOLLI.

Painted 1896.

50×40.

Gift of Cardinal Satolli.

253.

HEALY, G. P. A. (See No. 200.)

GEORGE PEABODY.

Painted 1854.

30×25

254.

MULLER-URY, A.

Born at Airolo, Switzerland, 1862. First studied under Vela, the Sculptor, then at the Berlin Academy, then three years with Cabanel at Paris. Came to America in 1886, and lived mostly in New York.

GENERAL ULYSSES S. GRANT.

61×41.

Gift of Jefferson Seligman, of New York.

255.

WALDO, SAMUEL.

Born in Connecticut, 1783; died, 1861.

G. W. PARKE CUSTIS (OF ARLINGTON, VA.)

36×29.

256.

SULLY, THOMAS. (See No. 133.)

CHIEF JUSTICE JOHN MARSHALL.

35×27.

257.

HUNTINGTON, DANIEL. (See No. 54.)

AMOS KENDALL.

30×25.

(Postmaster-General from June, 1835, to May, 1840. Founder of the Deaf-Mute College, Washington, D. C.)

Gift of Mrs. Jeannie Kendall Stickney.

258.

KING, CHARLES B. (See No. 251.)

HENRY CLAY.

Painted 1822.

36×28.

259.

HUNTINGTON, DANIEL. (See No. 54.)

MRS. AMOS KENDALL.

30×25.

Gift of Mrs. Jeannie Kendall Stickney.

260.

SULLY, THOMAS. (See No. 133.)

THOMAS SULLY.

30×25.

261.

HARDING, CHESTER.

Born at Conway, Mass., 1792; died at Boston, 1866.

JOHN RANDOLPH, OF ROANOKE.

Painted 1830.

30×25.

262.

GUILLAUME, LOUIS MATTHIEW DIDIER.

Born at Nantes, France, 1819; died at Washington, 1892.

COMMODORE M. F. MAURY.

Painted 1882. (From a photograph.)

36×46.

263.

LAZARUS, JACOB H. (See No. 14.)

LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER.

Painted 1894.

30×25.

Gift of Mrs. Lafayette S. Foster.

264.

ELLIOTT, CHARLES L. (See No. 1.)

HORATIO STONE.

24×20.

Gift of Samuel P. Avery.

265.

SULLY, THOMAS. (See No. 133.)

JAMES MADISON.

Painted 1809.

27×20.

Gift of Frederick E. Church.

266.

DURAND, A. B. (See No. 26.)

PORTRAIT OF A CHILD.

Gift of Mrs. E. J. Stone.

Painted 1835.

55×30.

267.

MALBONE, EDWARD G.

Born at Newport, R. I., 1777; died at Savannah, Ga., 1807. An eminent miniature painter, but was little known as a painter in oils.

EDWARD G. MALBONE.

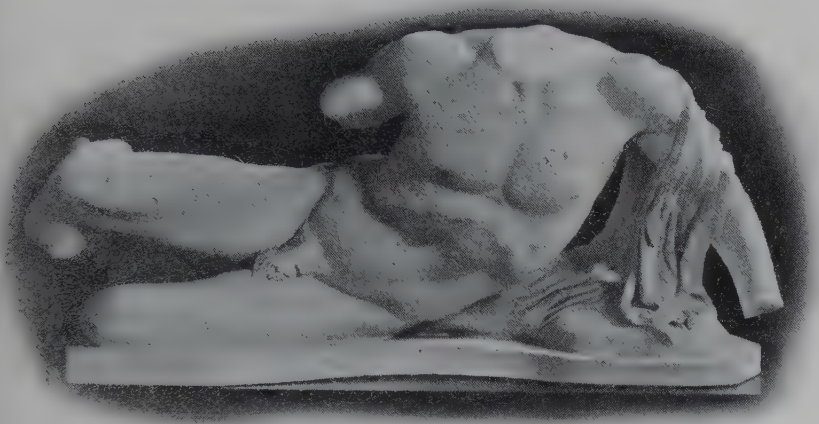
28×24.

Plate I.



THE PARTHENON.

- A. Metopes.
- B. Pediment.
- C. Frieze.



KEPHISSOS.

CASTS FROM ANTIQUE SCULPTURE.

THE PARTHENON.

Plate I, page 100.

THE PARTHENON, a Doric temple of white marble, erected in honor of Minerva (Athene Polias), the tutelar deity of Athens, was completed in the year 438 B. C., 16 years after its commencement. The temple was built during the administration of Pericles, who employed Callicrates and Ictinus as architects under the direction of Phidias, to whom he entrusted all works of magnificence, and who embellished it with statues and bas-reliefs. It was 227 feet long, 101 wide, and 65 in height, with 8 pillars front and back, and 17 on each side; these pillars were 42 feet high and $17\frac{1}{2}$ in circumference, the distance between them being 7 feet 4 inches.

THE FRIEZE OF THE PARTHENON.

Plate I, C.

This frieze, in low relief, ran around the top of the inner faces of the colonnade and outer wall of the *cella* of the temple, yet within and below the roof, and 39 feet above the pavement.

As the entablature above the outer columns descended 4 feet 9 inches below the lower edge of the frieze as it was placed on the wall, the frieze could only receive its light diffused between the columns and reflected upwards from the pavement of the colonnade. Owing to this circumstance, as well as to the peculiar position

of the spectator when looking at the frieze, standing within the columns, the artist was forced to keep his relief very flat, so that it only rises $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches from the background, and at the highest point only $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches; moreover, it is owing to these circumstances that the relief was kept lowest in the lower parts of the frieze and highest in the upper parts, where even sometimes the background is sunk to gain a bolder relief. The frieze was over 522 feet in length, running around the four sides of the temple.

Around the cornice of the south end of the atrium first story, or Statuary Hall of this Gallery, is placed 194 feet of casts from the original marble slabs of this *frieze*. The reliefs commencing with that nearest to, and south of, the main entrance, presenting an unbroken line of young horsemen sweeping along, with here and there a dismounted group, varying the action of the cavalcade, are arranged precisely as the originals stood in the Parthenon. Following these, and extending to the main staircase on the west, are broken groups representing seated deities (see Nos. 1001 to 1009), virgins with sacrificial oxen, and charioteers.

1001 ZEUS.

Frieze of the Parthenon.

1002 HERA.

Frieze of the Parthenon.

1003 IRIS.

Frieze of the Parthenon.

1004 ARES.

Frieze of the Parthenon.

1005 ARTEMIS.

Frieze of the Parthenon.

1006 APOLLO.

Frieze of the Parthenon.

1007 HERMES.

Frieze of the Parthenon.

1008 ATHENE.

Frieze of the Parthenon.

1009 HEPHAISTOS.

Frieze of the Parthenon.

PEDIMENTS OF THE PARTHENON.



WESTERN PEDIMENT.



EASTERN PEDIMENT.

THE WESTERN PEDIMENT.

Plate II, Page 103.

The myth here represented is as follows:

Athene and Poseidon both claim the patronage over the land of Attica; their claims are to be decided by some token, symbol, or sign of their power; and, according to various traditions, the judges who are to decide which of these tokens contains the weightiest claim to the patronage, are either the Olympian gods, or Kekrops the hero-king of Athens with his family, or the Attic people themselves.

There is little doubt concerning the figures at the extreme angles of the pediment, which are generally admitted to be, on the left the river god Kephissos No. 7 l., with a nymph not extant, and at the right angle the nymph (Kallirrhoe) No. 7 r., with the river Ilissos No. 6 r. crouching beside her. The real doubt exists with regard to the remaining figures at either side. No. 1 on the l. is called by Michaelis and others, Kore holding the boy Iakchos (No. 2), who is turning towards the seated female figure Demeter (No. 3), while Nos. 4 and 5 are called in the British Museum, Pandrosos and Kekrops, and by Michaelis, Hygieia and Asklepios. The corresponding figures on the other side are called (No. 1) Leukothea with Palaemon and Eros in her arms, (No. 2) Aphrodite in the lap of (No. 3) Thalassā, No. 4 being a Nereid. The other system of interpretation, first formed by Brunn, makes all the figures on either side of Nike and Amphitrite partake of the nature of the river gods at either angle, considering them personifications of Attic locality. Of this pedimental group, fortunately drawn by Carrey in 1674, before the destruction of the Parthenon, only more or less fragmentary remains of Athene, Poseidon, Hermes, Amphitrite, perhaps Nike, and of 1, 6, and 7 l., and 4, 5, and 6 r. are extant in the British Museum.

1010 RIVER GOD, KEPHISSOS.

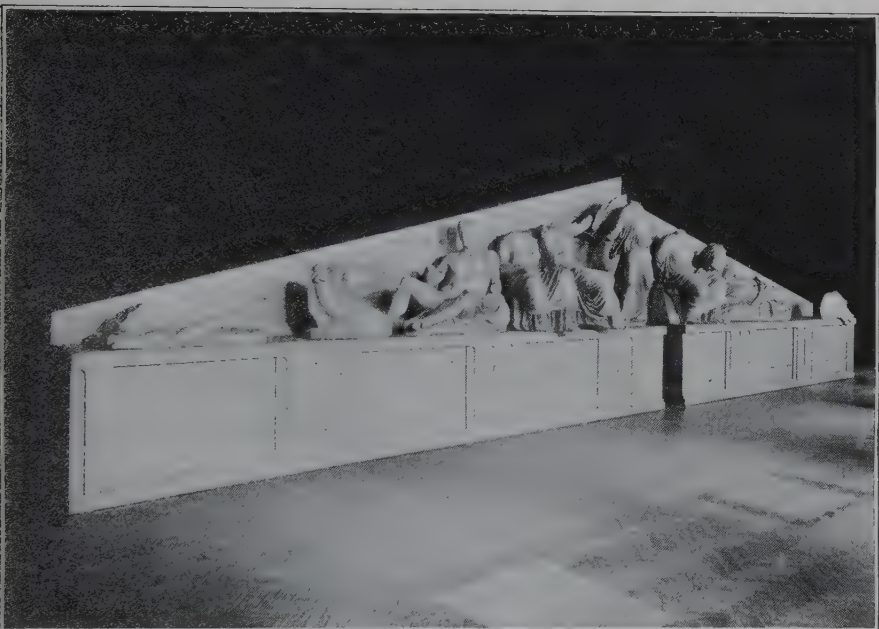
H. 2 ft. 8 in. L. 6 ft. 4 in.

Original Elgin Marble, 440 B. C. British Museum.

This figure stood in the north angle of the western pediment of the Parthenon, and is represented as raising himself on an arm from a recumbent position, to listen to the announcement of the triumph of Minerva over Neptune.

"This, one of the most famous specimens of Greek sculpture extant, shows the combination of perfect modelling and grandeur which marked the art of Phidias, and displays the care which was bestowed even upon works of mere decoration. Note for instance the remains of finish even on the back of the statue, which could never be seen *in situ*."

NOTE.—The measurements of the casts give the height of the statues and busts *exclusive* of their plinths or bases.



THE EASTERN PEDIMENT OF THE PARTHENON.

THE EASTERN PEDIMENT.

Plate II, page 103.

The subject represented in this pediment was, according to Pausanias, the birth of Athene. We cannot believe that the moment represented was that of the actual birth of Athene out of the head of Zeus, an incident sometimes quaintly rendered on archaic vases; nor can we believe that it was that immediately preceding the birth. It must have been the scene immediately succeeding the birth, when Athene stands fully armed before her father and the admiring gods, as described in the Homeric hymn to Athene.

In Carrey's time the centre of the pediment was no longer extant, and he could only give the figures at the wings as here rendered in Plate II, page 103; but there can be little doubt that the centre of the pediment was occupied by Zeus and Athene, with the chief Olympian gods and goddesses to their left and right.

In this plate all the extant figures from this pediment, now in the British Museum, are given, with the exception of a nude male torso at Athens (Michaelis, VI, H. Guide Brit. Mus., Prometheus or Hephaistos, p. 16), and the torso of Nike (?), which has before been ascribed to the western pediment. No. 11., the draped female figure rapidly striding towards the angle, is admitted by all to represent Iris, the fleet messenger of the gods, bringing the news of the great event from the

dwelling of the gods to the figures seated in the angle. In the case of this, as in that of the western pediment, there are two main groups of interpreters: those, namely, who see in the figures of the angles gods or heroes, and those who consider them to form subdivisions of the composition as a whole, clearly to be distinguished from the central group, and to be personifications of nature in keeping with the character of the chariot-driving figures at the extreme angles, which are admitted by all to represent the sun god and the moon goddess.

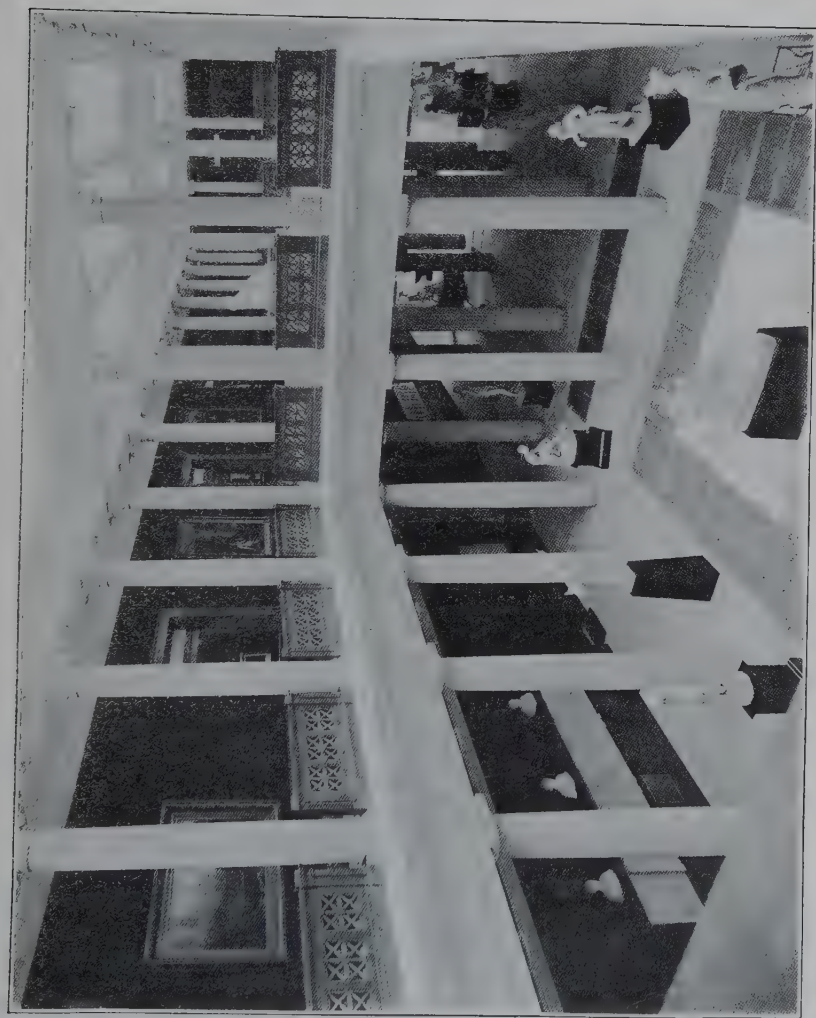
Accordingly the seated figures, 2 and 3 l., would be, after Brunn, the two Horae who watch the gates of Olympus, the reclining nude male figure, 4 l., would be the mountain god Olympus, while the hitherto generally accepted interpretation for the two female figures, has been Demeter and Persephone, and for the male figure, Theseus, Dionysos, or Herakles. Nos. 5 and 6 l. are universally admitted to represent Helios, the sun god, driving his chariot.

No. 2 r. represents Hestia, the goddess of the human hearth, while the female figure 4 r., reclining on the knees of her seated companion 3 r., is the sea, Thalassa, resting on the lap of the earth, Gaia. The current names given to these three figures are the Three Fates, who were supposed to be present at the birth, and are thus figured on the late reliefs in Madrid and Dresden; 5 and 6 r., are admitted to represent Selene, the moon goddess, driving her chariot.

In the western pediment, the myth represented shows Athene in her local association with Athens; while in the eastern pediment, the birth of Athene from the head of Zeus has an universal association with mankind. The one scene is local, the other cosmical, as the river gods with nymphs framing one scene, and the sun and moon framing the other, *certainly* indicate, and as the remaining figures *probably* do.

It must be remarked, that the prevailing difference of opinion in assigning definite names to the single figures of these pediments, is due not only to the fact that we have no passage in ancient authors mentioning them, but that the fragmentary condition of the statues has not even supplied us with the symbols which they held in their hands, and which made their meaning clear to every child in ancient Athens.

The Parthenon appears to have remained in its original condition until the 5th or 6th century of our era, when it was converted into a Christian church, at first of St. Sophia, then of the Virgin Mary. The alterations necessitated by its new dedication chiefly concerned the interior of the temple, and had little effect upon the sculptured decorations. The entrance was transplanted from the east to the west, an apse was built at the east end, and two niches were placed in the tympanum of the western pediment. At the beginning of the 13th century it was converted from a Greek orthodox into a Roman Catholic church, and in 1458 it was turned into a Turkish mosque, a minaret being added to the west end of the south wall. On the whole, the building and the sculptured decorations remained comparatively intact until the latter part of the 17th century, when all nationalities combined in destroying it. In September, 1687, during the war between the Republic of Venice and Turkey, the Venetian general, Francisco Morosini, with an army chiefly of mercenary troops of all nationalities, under the immediate command of Count Koenigsmark, a Swedish general, laid siege to Athens, and



STATUARY HALL. LOOKING SOUTH.

bombarded the Acropolis, whither the enemy had withdrawn. Upon hearing that the Turks had stored powder in the Parthenon, on the 26th of September, 1687, at seven o'clock in the evening, a German lieutenant succeeded in sending through the roof of the Parthenon a shell, which ignited the powder and rent the great temple asunder, heaping fragments on either side. In the year 1800, Lord Elgin, then British ambassador to the Porte, having received permission, began his work of carrying off the Parthenon marbles. After years of the greatest vicissitudes, occasioning a vast expenditure of money on the part of Lord Elgin, the sculptures finally reached England in 1812, when, being forced to sell the collection, he offered it to the nation for the sum he had actually expended. At last it was purchased for £35,000, a sum less than half it cost him, and now forms the chief treasure of the British Museum.

The following 10 casts are arranged as nearly as possible in the position occupied by the original marbles in the east pediment of the Parthenon:

1011 HELIOS, WITH HIS HORSES.

Original Elgin Marbles, 440 B. C. British Museum.

At the extreme angle of the pediment the neck, arm, and shoulder of Helios, the sun god, rise out of the sea, and before him the heads and necks of his horses are advancing towards the centre (but one of the three horses is here represented). Though there are but small portions of the figures of horses and man, the bold upward motion is completely indicated, and the artist clearly suggests that the scenery presented in the pediment takes its beginning at this side and concludes at the other.

1012 OLYMPUS, commonly called THESEUS.

H. 4 ft. 2¾ in. L. 5 ft. 9 in.

Original Elgin Marble, 440 B. C. British Museum.

The original reclined in an angle of the east pediment, and is universally acknowledged, alike by artists and by the outside world, to represent the highest stage of broad and monumental art in the representation of the nude male figure.

1013 TWO HORAE, commonly called CERES (or DEMETER) and PROSERPINA (or PERSEPHONE). H. ———.

Original Elgin Marble, 440 B. C. British Museum.

Guardians of the gates leading to the dwellings of the gods. The first of these two figures, in her more erect attitude and gesture, manifests the attention she is giving to the news brought by the messenger of the gods, Iris; the other figure, leaning on her shoulder, has not yet completely realized the importance of the scene enacted in the centre. Both these figures manifest in a high degree the characteristics of Pheidias art.

1014 IRIS.

H. 5 ft. 3 in. Original Elgin Marble, 440 B. C. British Museum.

The fleet messenger of the gods, rapidly descending from their abode to proclaim the birth of Athene, is here represented as a youthful female figure, clad in the Doric chiton open at the sides. A short mantle is flapping back in the wind, owing to her rapid motion, the indication of which is powerfully expressed in the whole composition.

1015 HESTIA. H.———. Original Elgin Marble. British Museum.

The common view makes her one of the Three Fates; the left arm of this figure was probably raised behind the shoulder of Gaia and there held a sceptre; the simple and solemn attitude of this figure would well correspond with the nature of Hestia.

1016 THALASSA and GAIA, commonly called TWO OF THE THREE FATES.

H. 4 ft. 11 in. L. 7 ft. 7 in.

Original Elgin Marble, 440 B. C. British Museum.

The original occupied a position in the angle of the eastern pediment opposite the Olympus. "Here the perfection of the modelling of the texture of drapery and the nude has been attained, and this not at the cost of the general breadth of composition. As regards the varied treatment of drapery, notice the folds of the cloth upon which Thalassa is reclining, with its broader surfaces, the more elaborate folding of the upper garment round the legs, and the varied play of smaller creases of the undergarment as it covers the breast, against the nude texture of which it is set off in bold contrast."

1017 HEAD of one of the horses of SELENE. H. 2 ft. 6 in.

Original Elgin Marble, 440 B. C. British Museum.

The head projected over the cornice of the eastern pediment, double holes behind the ears, on the nose, between the eyes and mouth, and on the inner corner of the mouth (not well represented in the cast) showed where the metal bridle had been affixed.

"This head has ever been held as the instance of sculpture in which the combination of actual truth to nature on the one hand and the insistence upon the broad, important, and general features, with the avoidance of purely individual and ephemeral traits, upon the other, has been successfully attained."

We are indebted for much of the foregoing matter relating to the Parthenon, to Stuart and Revett, *Antiquities of Athens*; to Dr. William Lübke, *History of Sculpture*; and to the writings of Charles Waldstein, Litt. D., Ph.D., L. H. D., Director of Fitzwilliam Museum, Cambridge.

- 1018 THE DISCOBOLOS (Quoit-thrower). H. 5 ft. 5½ in.
Original Bronze, in the British Museum.

The original statue was executed in bronze by Myron at the close of the first period of Greek sculpture, about 470 B. C., and is minutely described by Lucian and Quintillian. The *discus* was a round flat plate of metal or stone, about ten or twelve inches in diameter. There are several antique copies in marble of this figure, showing the head reverted. The copy from which this cast is taken was found in 1791, near Hadrian's Villa.

- 1019 DISCOBOLOS. H. 5 ft. 5¾ in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

The original of this cast is supposed to be by Naucydes, pupil of Polyclethus, who was a pupil of Phidias. The head is supposed not to have formed a part of the original figure. The fillet round the head was the badge of victory.

- 1020 VENUS OF MELOS. H. 6 ft. 8 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

The original of this cast was discovered in 1820 by a peasant, in a grotto about five hundred yards from the ancient theatre of the town of Melos, in the island of the same name. From its shape and character, the grotto is supposed to have been a grave in which the statue was hidden. It was bought for the sum of 6,000 francs by M. de Marcellas for the Marquis de Riviere, then French Ambassador to the Porte. It was carried to Paris in February, 1821, and presented by Riviere to Louis XVIII. It now stands in the Louvre, the pride of Paris, and the admiration of the world. Its sculptor is unknown, but by the grandeur of its style it is justly assigned to the era between Phidias and Praxiteles, and is considered the greatest statue of woman's form the world now holds. The plinth, the tip of the nose, and a small part of the lips are the only parts restored. Parts of an arm and hand were also found, but so mutilated that, though casts have been taken with them attached, the torso is declared by the world better as it is—the fullness of what is left, and its suggested action, being more satisfactory than any guesswork from an uninspired hand.

Mr. Ravaisson, keeper of the Antiques of the Louvre, thinks it probable that the statue is part of a group of Venus and Mars—"Love disarming War"—and he has made a cast, with the arms attached, which it is said confirms his theory. Then, again, it is asserted that a small bronze copy of it has been discovered in Pompeii representing her as looking at herself in a mirror held in her left hand.

Mr. Millingen, a Dutch antiquary, thinks it a Victory holding a shield with both hands, and Mr. Stillman, a recent critic, contends that it is the Wingless Victory that once stood in the Temple of Nikè-Apteros, Athens, and was sent to Melos at the time of a threatened invasion.

The Venus of Capua in the Museo Bourbonico, Naples, is like the Venus of Melos in general form, but has the head bent down and the left arm and empty hand extended towards a Cupid, who, with his bow, stands before her. It is believed to be a modified copy of the latter.

All these theories, however, are set at naught, and the action of the Venus of Melos settled, if there be truth in the following evidence of its condition when found, as quoted by O'Shea in his "Galleries of the Louvre." The eminent traveler, Dumont D'Urville, landed from the French frigate soon after its discovery, and, after an inspection, says in his account of it, published in 1821: "The statue was in two parts, and about six feet high, representing a nude female *whose left hand (raised) held an apple*, and the right one held up a tunic falling gracefully from the waist to the feet. However, they (the hands) were mutilated and separated from the body." An officer of the man-of-war, writing about the statue, says: "When M. D'Urville and myself saw the statue it had the left arm raised in the air, and *holding in its hand an apple*, and the right arm was broken at its narrow part—*à la saignée*." O'Shea also states that the forearm and hand holding the apple are in the store-room of the Louvre. This contemporary evidence seems to prove conclusively that the statue is a Venus Victrix in the contest for the apple with Juno and Minerva.



VENUS OF MELOS.

1021 VENUS DE MEDICI. H. 5 ft. Original Marble, in Florence.
Gift of J. C. McGuire.

The original stands in the Tribunal of the Uffizi, Florence. It was found in the 15th century, and carried to Venice during the reign of

Cosmo di Medicis—hence its name. When found it was in thirteen pieces, and without arms. These were supplied, but it is supposed by many that the position of the original arms is not given in the substitutes. It was executed by Cleomenes of Athens at a period when Greek art was rapidly declining.

- 1022 VENUS OF THE CAPITOL. H. 5 ft. 11 in.

Original Marble, in the Capitoline Museum, Rome.

Found in Rome, between Viminal and Quirinal hills, and placed in the Capitoline Museum by Benedict XIV, 1752.

- 1023 SLEEPING ARIADNE. H. 5 ft. 3½ in. L. 6 ft. 11½ in.

Original Marble, in the Vatican.

Date and place of discovery unknown. Its history can be traced to the beginning of the sixteenth century, when it was in the possession of Girolamo Maffei, a prominent citizen of Rome (Michaelis), purchased of him by Julius II, between 1509 and 1512, and placed in the Belvedere of the Vatican, whence it was subsequently removed to the Gallery of Statues.

- 1024 EUTERPE. H. 4 ft. 6 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

Formerly in the Villa Borghese, Rome.

The head is ancient, but does not belong to the statue. The nose, mouth, and chin are modern; also the neck, the right hand, and portion of the arm.

- 1025 DIANA DI GABII. H. 6 ft. 5 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

Found in 1792 in the neighborhood of Gabii, about ten miles from Rome. At first it belonged to the Borghese Collection; since 1808 it has been in the Louvre.

- 1026 EROS. H. 2 ft. 9½ in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

Found in the second half of the 18th century by Gavin Hamilton, at Centocelle, in the Via Labicana, near Rome, and sold to Pope Clement XIV, by whom it was placed in the Vatican.

- 1027 ABUNDANCE, or PLENTY.

H. 6 ft. 11 in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

It has the cornucopia in the left hand, while the right holds a rudder resting on a globe, thus indicating Commerce as a source of Plenty.

- 1028 MINERVA. H. 7 ft. 3 in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

Found in Rome near the Church of S. Maria Sopra Minerva, which, as its name implies, was built over a temple of Minerva. During the time of the first Napoleon it belonged to Lucien Bonaparte. He sold it to Pius VII, who removed it to the Vatican.

- 1029 GENIUS OF ETERNAL REPOSE.

H. 5 ft. 11 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

The statue is of Pentelic marble; but it is of the Roman period as is shown by the fact that the pupils of the eyes are indicated. This is one of the statues that belonged to the collection of the Cardinal Mazarin, and was one of those which were left by him to the Duc de Meilleraye who took the arms and the name of the Cardinal, and who, when he got the statues, did with his own hands a lot of smashing to prove the absolute purity of his thoughts and his abhorrence of the nudities of Greek mythology. The statue has been broken in two, and all the front part of it has been banged and battered. It was so mutilated that at one time it passed for an Hermaphrodite. The restorations are good, and the statue is recognized as a work of excellent art. Whether the original composition was of Greek or of Roman art cannot as yet be determined.

- 1030 GERMANICUS (so-called). H. 5 ft. 11 in.
Original Marble, in the Louvre.

Of Parian Marble. Place and date of discovery unknown, but in Italy, and probably during the last half of the 16th century. In 1685 it was sold by Cardinal Savelli to Louis XIV, together with the so-called Jason; and placed first at Versailles, afterwards in the Louvre. Some consider it to be a statue of a Roman orator, in the character of Mercury, the god of eloquence, of whom the tortoise below the drapery is an emblem. It is inscribed, "Cleomenes, son of Cleomenes, made this."

- 1031 ANTINOUS OF THE CAPITOL. H. 5 ft. 10½ in.
Original Marble, in the Capitoline Museum.

Found in Hadrian's Villa, near Tivoli; placed in the Museum by Pope Clement XII.

- 1032 THE BORGHESE WARRIOR.

H. 5 ft., and from head to foot, 6 ft. 6 in.

Original Marble, in the Louvre.

This statue was found on the coast near Antium, early in the 17th century, very near the spot where, a century before, the Apollo Belve-

dere was found. The stem supporting it is inscribed in Greek letters, "Agasias, son of Dositheas, of Ephesus, made me;" and therefore it is a specimen of Greek sculpture of the Fourth Epoch, that ended with the Roman conquest. It is now asserted that this statue does not represent a gladiator, but a foot-soldier, defending himself against a horseman; and that gladiators were principally slaves, who fought with more or less armor. Viardot insists that it is Greek, and represents an athlete of the Hellenic games, gladiators not being known to that people, but were of Roman origin.

1033 GROUP OF LAOCOÖN AND HIS SONS.

H. 6 ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ in. to top of head. Date probably B. C. 100.

Original Marble, in the Vatican.

The original was executed by three sculptors—Agesandros, Atheodoros, and Polydoros. It was found in 1506, in the ruins of the Palace of Titus, on the Esquiline, Rome, and the Pope ordered a public festival in honor of its discovery.

The right arm of Laocoön was wanting in the group as found. One in terra cotta, by Bernini, was substituted. Michael Angelo designed one in marble, but never finished it. Lübke and other writers insist that the right arm was not originally in the position given to it by the great sculptor, but was bent down behind the head, which was thus supported by the hand in that moment of exhausted agony. This position of the arm is often given in engravings.

1034 APOXYOMENOS. H. 6 ft. $5\frac{1}{2}$ in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

This cast represents an athlete scraping from his arm with the *strigil* the sand and oil of the arena. Athletes were contestants in the public games, and before entering the arena rubbed their naked bodies over with oil. The original, in bronze, executed by Lysippos, was found in the Trastevere, Rome, in 1849. Agrippa had it placed in front of the Thermæ, near the Pantheon, and it was so popular that when Tiberius attempted its removal to his own residence, the people rose and forbade it.

It is believed that the five-spot on the die (tessera) held out in the right hand signifies that the figure came out fifth in the contest, though Waldstein says the die was placed in the restored right hand on the strength of a misinterpretation of some words of Pliny.

1035 BUST OF NERO. H. 1 ft. 11 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

1036 AJAX, or MENELAUS.

H. 2 ft. $3\frac{1}{2}$ in.

Original Marble, in the British Museum.

This bust has been erroneously called Ajax. It was found in 1771 by Mr. Gavin Hamilton in the Pantinella, Hadrian's Villa.

1037 SILENUS HOLDING THE INFANT DIONYSOS.

H. 6 ft. 4 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

The original of this cast was found in the 16th century in Rome, in the gardens of Sallust. The hands, half of the right forearm, and right toes of Silenus, and left leg of Dionysos are restorations.

1038 VENUS KALLIPYGE.

H. 5 ft. 1 in. Original Marble in the Naples Museum.

So called from the Greek definition of its peculiar character. It was once in the Farnese Palace, Rome. The head and the right leg below the knee are supposed to be restorations.

1039 BOY AND GOOSE.

H. 2 ft. 9½ in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

Found in 1789, at Civita Vecchia, Appian Way. It is thought to be copied from a bronze work by Boetius, of Carthage. Heads of the child and goose, with the wing tips, are restorations.

1040 YOUTH SUPPLICATING.

H. 4 ft. 2½ in. Original Bronze, at Berlin.

The original of this statuette is said to have been found in the Tiber. From Clement XI it passed through several hands to the King of Prussia. The right hand and part of the forearm are restorations.

1041 ACHILLES BORGHESE.

H. 6 ft. 9 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

The original of this cast was formerly in the Villa Borghese, whence its name. Its proper name is doubtful. Clarac thought it a copy of a bronze by Alcamenes, favorite pupil of Phidias. Visconti first gave it the name of Achilles, but Winkelman thinks it a statue of Mars, and that the ring or anklet indicated the custom of the Spartans of chaining up the God of War, "that he might never leave them."

1042 HERMES OF THE BELVEDERE.

H. 6 ft. 6 in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

Probably found about 1542 in a garden near the Castle of St. Angelo (Michaelis). Purchased by Paul III, and placed by him in the Belvedere of the Vatican. There are no restorations. The right leg was broken between the ankle and hip, and is not well joined to the foot.

1043 CROUCHING VENUS.

H. 2 ft. $8\frac{1}{4}$ in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

The original statuette was found at Salone, on the road from Rome to Palestrina. The left hand, right forearm, and upper part of the head are modern.

1044 VENUS AT THE BATH.

H. 2 ft. 3 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

Much of this figure is of modern restoration. It is supposed to be a copy of the Venus of Polycharmes, which Pliny says was taken to Rome in his time.

1045 BONE-PLAYER. H. 2 ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

The original of this statue was found at Rome in 730. The right hand, neck, and left shoulder are modern.

1046 COLOSSAL BUST OF ÆSCULAPIUS.

H. 1 ft. 9 in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

Original, made 300 B. C., was found in Isle of Melos in 1828.

1047 JULIA. H. 4 ft. $5\frac{1}{2}$ in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

The original of this statue was found on the coast of Barbary, at Ben Ghuzi, and is sometimes called *A Young Roman Girl*.

1048 DEMOSTHENES. H. 6 ft. 5 in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

Formerly in the Villa Aldobrandini at Frascati. Restorations: both wrists and hand, with the scroll.

Perhaps a copy of the bronze portrait statue by Polyeyktus at Athens, 3d century B. C.—[*Waldstein*.]

1049 SOPHOCLES.

H. 6 ft. $8\frac{1}{2}$ in. Original Marble, in the Lateran, Rome.

Found at Terracina in the court of a private house. Probably a copy of a bronze original of the 4th century at Athens.—[*Waldstein*.]

1050 ARISTIDES, or ÆSCHINES.

H. 6 ft. 6 in. Original Marble, in the Naples Museum.

Found in Herculaneum in 1753 in fragments.

- 1051 BUST OF SOCRATES. H. 1 ft. 8 in.
Original Marble, in the Louvre.
"The portraits of Socrates date back to a bronze statue of him made by Lysippos and erected at Athens after his death. The features of this bust correspond well with the description put into Socrates' own mouth by Plato."
- 1052 BUST OF HOMER. H. 1 ft. 11 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.
This bust is very like the one in the British Museum. The original was found inserted in a garden wall in Rome.
- 1053 BUST OF HOMER. H. 1 ft. 9½ in.
Original Marble, in the British Museum.
The original of this bust was found at Baiæ in 1780. There are many copies, and all are of doubtful authenticity as portraits.
- 1054 COLOSSAL BUST OF JUPITER.
H. 2 ft. 8½ in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.
The original in marble of this cast was found at Otricoli, a small town about fifty miles north of Rome, built near the site of the ancient Otriculum.
- 1055 CARYATID. H. 7 ft. 5 in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.
The original of this figure is from the Erechtheum at Athens.
- 1056 POLHYMNIA. H. 5 ft. 11 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.
The statue was once in the Villa Borghese. Only the lower half is said to be antique, the remainder being restored by Augustino Penna from a bas-relief on a sarcophagus in the Capitol.
- 1057 APOLLO SAUROKTONOS (Lizard-Killer).
H. 4 ft. 10½ in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.
Found among the ruins of the house of Augustus in the Palatine, during the excavations of the Abbé Rancourel in 1777. Is mentioned by Pliny as a work of Praxiteles. "The meaning of the lizard is somewhat doubtful. It is known that the lizard had certain magic properties attributed to it, and was used in incantations; but in this group many critics prefer to see only a genre subject—Apollo, as a boy, trying to 'stalk' and pierce the lizard, simply as an exercise of agility, the animal being extremely quick in its movements."—[*Waldstein.*]

1058 FLORA.

H. 5 ft. 5½ in. Original Marble, in the Capitoline Museum, Rome.

1059 PUDICITIA. H. 4 ft. 6½ in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

Formerly in the Villa Mattei. Placed in the Vatican by Clement XIV. The statue derived its name from the long, full drapery and the veiled head and shoulders, which are considered appropriate attributes of the Goddess of Modesty. The name has been questioned, however, the statue being considered by some authorities as a portrait of Livia, wife of Augustus.

1060 CENTAUR AND CUPID.

H. 4 ft. 6½ in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

The original of this cast was found at Villa Fonesca. There is another in the Vatican, and it is doubtful which is the copy. The winged figure is thought by Viardot to be a Bacchus, and not Cupid, as he has an ivy wreath.

1061 DAUGHTER OF NIOBE.

H. 5 ft. 6 in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

Discovered possibly in Hadrian's Villa in the sixteenth century. Formerly in the Papal gardens of the Quirinal. There are no restorations.

1062 FAUN OF THE CAPITOL.

H. 5 ft. 7 in.

Original Marble, in the Capitoline Museum, Rome.

(The "Marble Faun" of Hawthorne.)

Found in 1701 near Civita Lavinia, where there was formerly a Villa of Antonius Pius. Placed in the Museum of the Capitol by Benedict XIV in 1753.

1063 FAUN, WITH KID. H. 4 ft. 5 in. Original Marble, at Madrid.

1064 FAUN (*à la Tache*). H. 1 ft. 10 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

This bust of a laughing Faun takes its French designation from a spot or stain on the right cheek and shoulder of the original marble.

1065 ATHLETE.

H. 4 ft. 9½ in.

Original Marble, in the Glyptothek, Munich.

Date and place of discovery unknown, represents an athlete preparing for a contest in the public games.

1066 DYING GALATIAN.

H. 1 ft. 11 in. L. 5 ft. 11 in.

Original Marble, in the Capitoline Museum, Rome.

Found in Rome in the Sixteenth century. Formerly in the Villa Ludovisi, from which it was carried to the Capitol by Clement XII (1730-1740.)

Restorations:—The end of the nose, the right hand and arm, part of the left knee, the toes, and part of the plinth, including the sword and a portion of the horn.

“Although this statue is still known as the ‘Dying Gladiator,’ the theory by which it received that name has long since been proved erroneous, partly by the fact that it is undoubtedly a product of Greek art, which knew nothing of gladiators, as they were a peculiarly Roman institution, and partly by the strong resemblance of face and figure to the descriptions of the ancient Galatians. These, the Mysian Gauls, as they are sometimes called, were a barbarous race, who invaded Greece and the Greek settlements of Asia Minor in the third century B. C., and were repressed by Attalos I, king of Pergamon. In commemoration of his victory he dedicated a group of bronze statues representing his vanquished enemies on the Akropolis of Pergamon, and sent others as a gift to Athens. It is now generally supposed that this and the group No. 1092 (Galatian and his Wife) are copies in marble of two of those erected in Pergamon. The toque around the neck, and the moustache, which, when worn without beard, was regarded as barbarous by the Greeks, were distinctive of the Galatians; and there can be little doubt that this represents one of them, who, defeated in battle, is dying from a wound either received from an enemy, or as some think, inflicted by himself in order to escape slavery.

“There are few statues in which pathos is expressed in so high a form as in this, an effect produced chiefly by the quiet restrained manner in which the artist has suggested rather than expressed the emotions of pain and despair, thus stimulating the spectator's imagination and appealing to his sympathy. This quality will be better appreciated by comparison with the Laocoön, No. 1033, in which physical suffering is expressed in the wildest and most vehement form, both in faces and figures, with an amount of detail which leaves no room for the imagination.” (*Catalogue of Boston Museum.*)

1067 APHRODITE ARRANGING HER HAIR.

H. 4 ft. 10 in. Original in the Vatican.

Aphrodite is represented in one of the many toilet scenes, chiefly connected with the bath in which she served as a subject for the later Greek artists.

1068 MERCURY IN REPOSE.

H. 3 ft. 6 in. Original in the Museum, Naples.

The original in bronze of this cast is classed among the finest of ancient date, and was found in Herculaneum in 1758. Its base is the only modern part. The left hand is supposed to have held the caduceus.

1069 APOLLO BELVEDERE.

H. 7 ft. 1 in. Original Marble in the Vatican.

The original of this statue was discovered at Cape d'Anzo (Antium) in 1503. Bought by Julius II, when still a cardinal, it was placed by him, when Pope, in the Belvedere of the Vatican. The name of its sculptor is unknown. Its date is placed at B. C. 279. Canova and Visconti think it is a copy from an ancient bronze by Calamus. The left hand and wrist, and the fingers of the right hand were restored by G. A. da Montorsoli, pupil of Michael Angelo. Undoubtedly many copies of the original were made, and a bronze copy discovered in 1792 at Paramythia, and now at St. Petersburg, in the judgment of some has changed entirely the meaning of the action of the figure. Apollo is here represented as holding a bow and discharging an arrow at the serpent Python, sent by Juno to destroy his mother, Latona. In the bronze statuette referred to, there is no tree trunk (necessary to support a figure in marble) but the left hand holds a shield bearing the head of Medusa, supposed to turn all gazers into stone, and which Homer, in the *Iliad*, xv, 318, says Jupiter lent to Apollo. Dr. Lübke accepts this explanation of the action of the figure, and says, "Not until now have we understood the statue." Waldstein says: "The statue is not an original work, but a copy, whether from bronze or marble is uncertain."

1070 COLOSSAL MASK OF JUNO.

H. 3 ft. 3 in.

From a copy, in marble, in the Villa Ludovisi, Rome, probably after Alcamenes.

1071 MELEAGER. H. 6 ft. 6½ in. Original marble in the Vatican.

The original was found in Rome, and is supposed to be of the time of Hadrian, A. D. 76-136.

1072 BUST OF MENELAUS, OR AJAX.

H. 3 ft. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

The original of this bust was found at Hadrian's Villa, Tivoli, and is commonly, but erroneously, known as Ajax. Visconti satisfactorily proved it to be Menelaus. Bas-reliefs of Hercules fighting with Centaurs are on the helmet.

1073 TORSO OF HERCULES (the BELVEDERE TORSO).

H. 4 ft. 1½ in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

Date and place of discovery unknown. It was taken from the Palazzo Colonna to the Belvedere of the Vatican during the pontificate of Clement VII (1523-'34). There are no restorations.

This figure was one of the chief promoters of sculpture during the Renaissance. Michael Angelo regarded it with enthusiastic admiration, and declared himself its pupil. Its influence has not declined with the development of modern knowledge of Greek Art, as it still retains its place among the grandest statues of Rome.

1074 JASON. H. 5 ft. 2 in., W. 3 ft. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

Formerly in Rome, in the Palazzo Savelli, later in the Villa Montalto. Purchased of Cardinal Savelli for Louis XIV in 1685, and by him placed at Versailles, whence it was subsequently removed to the Louvre.

This statue has been called Mercury and Cincinnatus, but is now considered to represent the famous leader of the Argonauts, hurriedly tying on but one sandal in his haste to seek his uncle Pelias, usurper of his father's throne, and who had been warned by an oracle to beware of the "one-sandalled man."

1075 BUST OF PERICLES.

H. 1 ft. 10½ in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

1076 BUST OF PERIANDER.

H. 1 ft. 7 in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

One of the Seven Sages of Greece.

1077 BUST OF JULIUS CÆSAR.

H. 1 ft. 2 in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

X 1078 THE "SPINARIO."

H. 2 ft. 4½ in.

Original Bronze in the Palazzo dei Conservatori, Rome.

The date and place of discovery unknown, and possibly the statue never was buried (Michaelis). The first date definitely associated with it is 1471, when it was one of the few ancient sculptures with which Sixtus IV founded the Capitoline Collection. After the treaty of Tolentino, in 1797, it was carried to France by Napoleon, but subsequently returned. There are no restorations.

1079 HEAD OF ALEXANDER THE GREAT.

H. 1 ft. 2½ in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

1080 HEAD OF DIOGENES.

H. 1 ft. 2 in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

1081 BUST OF DIONE.

H. 1 ft. 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

1082 BUST OF CLYTIE. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

1083 BUST OF SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS.

H. 2 ft. 2 in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

1084 BUST OF TRAJAN.

H. 1 ft. 11 in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

The original of this bust was found in the Campagna of Rome in 1776.

1085 BUST OF ISIS.

H. 1 ft. 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

The Egyptian Goddess, with the lotus flower above her forehead, is here represented unveiled.

1086 THE WRESTLERS.

H. 3 ft. Original Marble, in Uffizi Gallery, Florence.

Found in 1583 near the Lateran, Rome. First in the Villa Medici, Rome, removed to Florence in 1677.

1087 DIANA HUNTRESS. H. 6 ft. 6 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

Also called Diana of Versailles. The statue was brought to France during the reign of Francis I. It derives its name from the fact that Louis XIV had it removed to Versailles. It was placed in the Louvre in 1798.

1088 AUGUSTUS CÆSAR.

H. 6 ft. 10 in.

Original Marble, in the Louvre.

1089 HERMES WITH THE INFANT DIONYSOS.

H. 7 ft. 2 in. Original in Marble, in the Museum at Olympia.

The original of this cast was discovered at Olympia in the Heræum (Temple of Hera) May 8, 1877. Now in the Museum at Olympia. It

is known to be by Praxiteles, on the authority of Pausanias (2d century A. D.), who saw and described it. Waldstein says: "This is the only Greek statue in existence of which we can say, without hesitation, that it comes directly from the hand of one of the greatest masters."

All below the knee of Hermes is lost, save one foot (seen on the plinth behind the cast).

1000 BUST OF LUCIUS VERUS.

H. 2 ft. 10 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

From the original found in Roma Vecchia.

1091 BUST OF MARCUS AURELIUS.

H. 2 ft. 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. Original Marble. Villa Borghese.

1092 GALATIAN AND HIS WIFE.

H. 6 ft. 10 in.

Original group in marble, in the Villa Ludovisi, Rome.

The date and place of discovery is unknown, but it has been in the Villa Ludovisi since it was built in 1632.

Restorations:—On the man, most of the right arm, with the handle of the sword and beginning of the blade, the lower half of the nose, the left forearm and fore-finger, and the part of the cloak which stands out from the back. On the woman, the nose, the left arm above the elbow, the right hand and wrist, the four smaller toes of the right foot, the piece of garment that falls in front of the left shoulder. Also the supports between the two figures, and small pieces inserted in various places.

"This group, like the Dying Galatian (No. 1066), is most probably copied from the bronze figures erected by Attalos I at Pergamon in commemoration of his victories over the Galatians or Mysian Gauls. It represents one of their stout-hearted warriors who, finding that defeat has overtaken them, and preferring death to captivity for both his wife and himself, has given her a mortal thrust, and now plunges his sword into his own body, while he supports her sinking form. His attitude and the wild look backwards towards his enemies show the haste with which he has been obliged to act.

"Although in action this is a complete contrast to its companion, the Dying Galatian, yet the spirit which governed the conception of the two works is quite the same, and shows how much of the feeling of the fourth century was preserved in the early masters of the School of Pergamon. What has been said of the Dying Galatian applies equally to this group, except that pathos is here expressed in full action, not in repose. But the pathos is of the same noble quality, and the suffering which is impressed upon the spectator is moral, not physical.

The monumental sense displayed in the composition, the manner in which all the lines of the two figures are made to combine so as to result in an effect of unity, is well worthy of study, because it is a quality often overlooked in modern groups." (*Catalogue of Boston Museum.*)

1093 BAS-RELIEF.

From the Original Marble, in the Museo Bourbonico, Naples.

According to the names on this cast it represents Antiopa between her sons, Zethus and Amphion, who released their mother from cruel bondage by slaying their uncle Lycus, her oppressor; but over the figures of the original bas-relief are the names of Hermes (Mercury), Eurydice, and Orpheus, indicating the meeting of the latter with his lost wife in the realm of Pluto.

1094 FRAGMENT OF A WINGED FIGURE.

From the Original Marble, in the Vatican.

1095 ETRUSCAN ARM.

L. 4 ft. Original Bronze, in the Vatican.

Found in the harbor of Civita Vecchia in 1835, and supposed to be part of a statue of Neptune.

1096 BUST OF AGRIPPA DE GABIES.

H. 1 ft. 7 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

1097 BUST OF ANTINOUS.

H. 1 ft. 6 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

1098 BUST OF ANTONIUS PIUS.

H. 1 ft. 4 in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.

The original was found by Gavin Hamilton, in Hadrian's Villa.

1099 BUST OF COMMODUS.

H. 1 ft. 4 in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

1100 BUST OF CARACALLA.

H. 1 ft. 8 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

1101 BUST OF VITELLIUS.

Original Marble, in the Louvre.

1102 HEAD OF APOLLO.

H. 1 ft. 6½ in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

Attributed to the school of Lysippus.

- 1103 BUST OF DIANA DI GABIA.
H. 1 ft. 8½ in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.
- 1104 SLAB FROM THE FRIEZE OF THE PARTHENON.
From the Original (Elgin) Marble, British Museum.
- 1105 FRAGMENT—A MASK. Original Marble, in the Vatican.
- 1106 FRAGMENT—A HUNTER. Original Marble, in the Vatican.
- 1107 FRAGMENT—A WALKING FIGURE.
Original Marble, in the Vatican.
- 1108 FRAGMENT—FRIEZE OF TRAJAN'S FORUM, ROME.
Original Marble, in the Vatican.
- 1109 BUST OF THE CROWNED AUGUSTUS (CÆSAR).
H. 2 ft. Original Marble, in the Louvre.
- 1110 BUST OF THE YOUNG AUGUSTUS (CÆSAR).
H. 1 ft. 5½ in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.
- 1111 BUST OF SCIPIO AFRICANUS.
H. 2 ft. 1 in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.
- 1112 MARCUS AURELIUS. H. 2 ft. Original Marble, in the Louvre.
Found at Acqua Traversa.
- 1113 BUST OF A BARBARIAN.
H. 1 ft. 6 in. Original Marble, in the British Museum.
The original of this cast was found in Trajan's Forum, Rome, where many similar ones were discovered, fastened as trophies to the walls.
- 1114 SENECA—HEAD OF. H. 1 ft. 1 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.
- 1115 BUST OF EURIPIDES.
H. 1 ft. 9½ in. Original Marble, in the Vatican.
- 1116 BUST OF ARIADNE.
H. 2 ft. 10 in. Original Marble, Capitol Museum, Rome.
Often called the Young Bacchus.*

1117 BUST OF ANTINOUS AS BACCHUS.

H. 2 ft. Original Marble, in the British Museum.

The original of this head was found in the Villa Pamfili, with some fragments of a wall-statue, of which it had been a part.

1118 CAST OF A SMALL MODEL OF THE RUINS OF THE ACROPOLIS AT ATHENS.

1119 NIKÉ FROM SAMOTHRAKE. H. 8 ft. 8 in. (Statue in the Louvre.)

"Of Parian marble. Found in the Island of Samothrake in 1863 by M. Champoiseau, French Consul at Adrianople, and transported thence to Paris. Excepting the pieces by which the fragments of the wings are joined, there are no restorations.

"This statue was part of a votive offering erected in the sanctuary of the Great Gods (the Kabeiroi) on the Island of Samothrake. It stood upon a huge pedestal in the form of a ship's prow, also of marble, upon which Nike (Victory) was represented rushing forward in the excitement of battle, carrying a mast in one hand and holding a long trumpet to her lips with the other. The statue and pedestal together, were, therefore, commemorative of a naval victory; and fortunately a coin, or series of coins, has enabled us not only to identify the victor and the battle, but also to restore in imagination the missing parts as above described."—(*Catalogue of Boston Museum.*)

(See No. 1127. A reduced copy of the statue including the pedestal.)

1120 POSEIDIPPOS. H. 4 ft. 5½ in. (Seated statue, in the Vatican.)

Of Pentelic marble. For History, see Menander, No. 1121.

Restorations: The end of the nose and the left thumb.

"This statue has been the companion of its neighbor, the Menander, from an indefinitely remote period. Indeed, it has been supposed that the two owe their exceptional preservation to the fact that in the Middle Ages they were regarded as images of saints, and therefore placed in a church, where they remained until nearly the end of the 16th century.

"Poseidippos, whose portrait is identified by the inscription on the base, was the last of the poets of the New Attic Comedy, and flourished after the death of Menander, 291 B. C.

"The striking manner in which the difference in temperament between the two men is expressed is well worth studying. The one is nervous and energetic, unmistakably a man of action, while the other has the quiet, pensive air of the student and the dreamer. The distinction is not in the faces alone, but is felt in every line of the figures, in

their manner of sitting, and even in the drapery, which in one case falls in a few simple folds, and in the other is treated with all the vigor and restlessness of the subject.”—(*Catalogue of Boston Museum.*)

1121 MENANDER.

H. 5 ft. (Seated statue, in the Vatican.)

Of Pentelic marble. Date of discovery unknown.

“Together with its neighbor, Poseidippos, No. 1120, it appears to have stood for several centuries in the church of S. Lorenzo in Panisperna on the Viminal, Rome, whence they were removed by Sextus V (1585–1590) to his Villa Montalto, now Grazioli. It remained there until the time of Pius VI (1775–1800), who purchased and removed them to the Vatican.

“Restorations: The left hand, with the scroll; the end of the nose; and part of the right foot.

“This statue was established as a portrait of Menander by Visconti, who pointed out its resemblance to a small head inscribed with the poet’s name, and thereby disposed of the popular tradition that it represented the Roman general Marius. Pausonias, in his description of the Dionysiac Theatre in Athens, mentions a statue of Menander which he saw there, and it was formerly supposed that the statue in the Vatican might be the one referred to; but this is impossible, because the pedestal of the statue seen by Pausonias was discovered some years ago in its original position, with the name Menander upon it, and it was too small for the base of this figure.

“While it cannot, therefore, be the original statue erected to the poet’s honor in the place where his plays were produced, this is one of the finest examples of Greek portrait sculpture that survive, especially on account of the ease and freedom of the pose.

“Menander died in 291 B. C., at the age of fifty-two, and this portrait evidently represents him in the last years of his life.”—(*Catalogue of Boston Museum.*)

1122 BOXER RESTING.

H. 4 ft. 3 in.

“Original bronze in the collection of the National Government in the Baths of Diocletian, Rome.

“Found in the Spring of 1885 among the foundation walls of Aurelian’s Temple of the Sun, on the Quirinal Hill, Rome.

“Restorations: The end of the left thumb, a piece of the right thigh, and the seat.

“This represents a boxer resting after the fight, the severity of which is indicated in every part of his powerful figure. He turns his head sharply to the right, looking up as if talking or listening to some one at his side. Leaning heavily upon his elbows, with his head sunk between his shoulders, one can almost hear the labored breath, and

see the trembling of his swollen hands. The muscles of his back are wrought up to the highest state of development, and like those of the arms and legs, are hard and distended from their recent action. The feet are stiff and swollen, and evidently too sore to rest upon the ground. The sculptor has shown his estimation of the boxer's character by making the region of the intellect almost abnormally small as compared with the massive, ugly jaw. The nose, cheeks and ears bear witness of the strength and skill of his adversary, but the realism of the figure reaches its climax in the deep scratches which will be noticed on the various parts of the surface.

"There is power in every line of the figure, and though we may criticise the choice of subject, we must admire the knowledge and the facility with which it has been handled.

"The terrible *cæstus*, or boxing glove, the details of which were clearly illustrated for the first time by the discovery of this statue, consisted of three parts: first, a close-fitting skin glove, which left the ends of the fingers and the palm of the hand open, and extended above the wrist, ending in a rim of fur. Over this were drawn three stout rings of sole leather, covering the first joint of the fingers, and fastened together on the outside of the hand by murderous clamps of metal. The chafing of the rings against the fingers was prevented by a pad which can be distinguished on the hands of the statue. Finally the rings were held in place, and the wrist was strengthened by means of two long, narrow straps which were interlaced many times around the hand and wrist." (*Catalogue of Boston Museum.*)

1123 THREE SLABS IN RELIEF.

From the Original in Marble, in the National Museum, Athens, Greece.

The middle slab represents the musical competition between Apollo and the flute player Marsyas, with the Scythian between them prepared to play the defeated competitor. On the other two slabs are six muses with their instruments.

Gift of Miss Bessie J. Kibbey.

1124 PHOTOGRAPH OF THE RUINS OF THE PARTHENON AT ATHENS, GIVING A VIEW OF THE EAST PEDIMENT, FROM WHICH WAS TAKEN THE STATUES REPRESENTED BY THE CASTS ON THE TWO LARGE PEDESTALS.

1125 PHOTOGRAPH OF THE ACROPOLIS FROM THE STADIUM HILL.

1126 PHOTOGRAPH OF THE ACROPOLIS FROM THE HILL OF THE NYMPHS.

1127 Reduced copy of Nike from Samothrake, including original pedestal.



CAST FROM THE WEST BRONZE GATE OF THE BAPTISTRY AT FLORENCE.

CASTS FROM THE RENAISSANCE.

(DATE—COMMENCEMENT OF THE 15TH CENTURY.)

No. 1300.

CAST FROM THE WEST BRONZE GATE OF THE BAPTISTRY AT FLORENCE.

LORENZO DI CIONE Ghiberti.

Born 1378. Died 1455.

These gates are historically of great interest, as they represent the main work of a distinguished artist's life, for Ghiberti, when he began them, was forty-six years of age, and when he finished them he was an old man of seventy-four.

(The gates were finished in 1447, but they were not gilded until the month of April, 1452.)

This cast was brought from the South Kensington Museum, London, and consists of ten square panels containing designs from the Old Testament, each design illustrating three or four incidents.

The left highest panel shows the Creation of Adam and Eve, the Forbidden Fruit, and the Expulsion from Eden. On the right panel opposite are the Offerings of Cain and Abel, the Killing of Abel, Man's Labor, and Cain with his Maker.

The left panel below has the Ark after the Deluge, Noah's Sacrifice and Inebriation. On the right are the Sacrifice of Isaac, Servants at the foot of the Mount, and Abraham with the Three Angels.

The left central panel contains Jacob and Esau, and on the right Joseph and his Brethren, their Cruelty, their meeting in Egypt, and the Cup in Benjamin's Sack.

The left panel below the center shows Moses Receiving the Law, and the People at the Foot of the Mount. On the right are Joshua before Jericho, and the Division of the Tribes.

The lowest panel on the left contains David and Goliath, and on the right Solomon and the Queen of Sheba.

Among the statuettes in the upright panels are Samson with the Pillar, Joshua in Armor, Judith with the Head of Holofernes, Jephthah's Daughter. Among the heads are two on a line with the top of the second panel representing the artist Ghiberti (the bald one on the right) and Bartoluccio, his father-in-law.

The outer panels, bearing fruits and flowers, were finished by Ghiberti's son, the artist having died ere the completion of his work, at the age of seventy-four years.

The cast of this gate, as it stands, is 18 feet 2 inches high by 12 feet 6 inches wide, exclusive of the frame, which makes it altogether 19 feet 7 inches high by 14 feet 6 inches wide.

1301, 1302, 1303, 1304, 1305, 1306, 1307, 1308, 1309.

GROUP OF NINE BAS-RELIEFS OF NYMPHS OF THE FOUNTAIN OF INNOCENTS.

From the Original Marbles, in the Louvre.

JEAN GOUJON.

Born at Paris, 1530. Died, 1572.

1310.

THE FOUR EVANGELISTS.

Bas-reliefs.

Original in Marble, in the Louvre, from the Roodloft of St. Germain l'Auxerrois.

The small panels represent Religion, Faith and Strength.

JEAN GOUJON.

1311, 1312, 1313, 1314.

[These numbers are left blank for future additions.]

1315.

BAS-RELIEF FROM THE TOMB OF CARDINAL AND CHANCELLOR DUPRAT.

Original Marble, in the Louvre.

JEAN GOUJON.

1316.

BAS-RELIEF OF HISTORY RECORDING THE WORKS OF PRESIDENT J. A. DuTHOU, COUNSELLOR AND HISTORIAN.

Original Bronze, in the Louvre.

FRANÇOIS ANGUIER.

Born at Eau, in Normandy, 1604. Died at Paris, 1669.

1317.

BAS-RELIEF OF VICTORY.

Original, in the Louvre.

JACQUET.

1318.

FLYING MERCURY.

H. 5 ft. 1 in. Original Bronze, in the National Gallery, Florence. Executed about 1560.

GIO, or GIAN BOLOGNA (JOHN of Bologna.)

Born at Douai, in Flanders, 1524. Died, 1608.

1319.

DAVID WITH HEAD OF GOLIATH.

H. 5 ft. 1 in. Original Bronze in the Uffizi, Florence.

DONATO DI BETTO BARDI (DONATELLO.)

Contemporary with Ghiberti. Died, 1468.

1320.

THE THREE GRACES, or CHARITIES.

H. 6 ft. 6 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre. 1560.

GERMAIN PILON.

The date of his birth is not known with certainty; it has been given as 1520 and as 1515. Died about 1590.

This example of the Renaissance of French sculpture was executed for Catharine of Medicis in memory of her husband, Henry II of France, whose heart was placed in the original urn, supported on the heads of the three female figures, standing back to back, with linked hands, upon a triangular pedestal. These figures represent Catharine herself, the Duchess d'Etampes, and Madame Villeroi, three of the fairest women of that time. This work was cut out of a single block of marble. The pedestal was made by a different hand, and bears on its three faces inscriptions in Latin, to the following effect:

"Here Catharine has deposited the heart of the king, her husband, wishing she could bury it in her own bosom."

"The united heart of both testifies before men enduring love—a subdued spirit before God."

"The Three Graces (or Charities) rightfully bear on their heads a heart once the seat of the graces (or charities)—a heart that aspired to the highest things."

This monument formerly stood in the Chapelle d'Orleans, Church of the Celestins.

1321.

COLOSSAL BUST OF DAVID.

H. 2 ft. 10 in.

MICHAEL ANGELO BUONARROTI.

Born, 1475. Died, 1564.

This cast is taken from the original colossal statue in marble, 19 feet high, in Florence, representing David about to hurl the stone at Goliath.

1322, 1323.

THE PRISONERS, or SLAVES.

H. 7 ft. 3 in. Original Marble, in the Louvre.

MICHAEL ANGELO BUONARROTI.

These statues were designed for a grand monument to Pope Julius II, planned by M. Angelo, but never executed. The artist gave them to a friend who had nursed him in illness, and he presented them to Francis I, who in turn gave them to the Constable Montmorency for his Chateau d'Ecouen. During the troubles of the Revolution in 1793 they were found in the stables of the Duc de Richelieu, and were bought for the Republic. They are now in the Louvre, and are the only great works of M. Angelo in France. They were taken to Florence in 1875 to swell the memorials of the sculptor's mighty genius at the centennial celebration of his birthday.

1324.

CUPID.

H. 4 ft. 6 in. Original Marble, in the Kensington Museum.

MICHAEL ANGELO BUONARROTI.

This statue was brought from the Campagna Collection.

1325.

SITTING STATUE OF LORENZO DE MEDICI.

H. 5 ft. 8 in.

MICHAEL ANGELO BUONARROTI.

The original, in the church of St. Lorenzo, Florence, with a similar statue of his brother, Giuliano, was erected by order of Pope Leo X. Below them, on the curved tops of their sarcophagi, recline the figures of Dawn and Twilight under Lorenzo, and of Day and Night under Giuliano. Reduced copies of these symbolic figures, Nos. 1339 to 1342, furnish an idea of the general form of the monuments.

1326.

HEAD OF THE STATUE OF GIULIANO DE MEDICI.

H. 1 ft. 6 in.

MICHAEL ANGELO BUONARROTI.

1327.

MASK OF MOSES.

H. 2 ft. 7 in.

MICHAEL ANGELO BUONARROTI.

From the original of the colossal statue of Moses, executed in Marble for the monument of Pope Julius II.

1328.

BAS-RELIEF OF AN ALTAR-PIECE.

H. 4 ft. 3 in. W. 4 ft. 4 in.

MINO DA FIESOLE.

Born, 1400. Died, 1486.

The original of this bas-relief in marble, in the cathedral at Fiesole, Florence, represents the Virgin between St. Remigius and St. Leonhard, with the infant Jesus below, and St. John worshiping him. One of the saints directs the sitting figure, holding a crutch, to the Saviour.

1329.

BUST OF BISHOP LIONARDI SALUTATI.

H. 1 ft. 10 in.

MINO DA FIESOLE.

From the original marble monument in the Cathedral of Fiesole.

1330.

FIVE BAS-RELIEFS.

Each, H. 2 ft. 7½ in. W. 2 ft. 5½ in.

BENEDETTO DA MAJANO.

Born, 1442. Died, 1498.

These reliefs are from the marble pulpit of the Church of Sante Croce, Florence, and represent scenes in the life of St. Francis, as follows:

A.

MARTYRDOM OF FIVE BRETHREN OF THE ORDER IN MAURITANIA.

B.

DEATH OF ST. FRANCIS.

C.

SAINT FRANCIS RECEIVING THE STIGMATA, OR IMPRESS, OF THE
FIVE WOUNDS OF CHRIST.

D.

SAINT FRANCIS WALKING, UNINJURED, THROUGH FIRE BEFORE THE
SULTAN.

E.

POPE HONORIUS CONFIRMING THE RULES OF THE ORDER OF
SAINT FRANCIS.

1331.

HEAD OF ST. GEORGE.

DONATELLO (DONATO DI BETTO BARDI).

From the marble statue of St. George, clad in armor, with cross-emblazoned shield which stands in an external niche of Or San Michele, Florence.

1332.

BUST OF MATTEO PALMIERI.

BENEDETTO DA MAJANO.

1333.

BUST OF FILIPPO STROZZI

BENEDETTO DA MAJANO.

1334.

BUST OF PIETRO MELLINI.

BENEDETTO DA MAJANO.

Originals in Marble of the above three busts are in Florence.

1335.

DAY.

1336.

NIGHT.

1337.

DAWN.

1338.

TWILIGHT.

MICHAEL ANGELO BUONARROTI.

The above four statuettes are reduced copies from the originals over the tomb of Lorenzo and Giuliano de Medici, at Florence.

1339.

SINGING BOYS.

Alto-relief. H. 3 ft. 5 in. W. 2 ft. 2 in.

LUCA (DELLA ROBBIA).

Born in 1400. Died, 1481.

Original, in Marble, in the National Museum, Florence, was made about 1440 A. D. for the balustrade of an organ loft, but never set up.

1340.

ARTHUR, KING OF ENGLAND.

Dated 1513. H. 6 ft. 11 in. Original in Bronze.

The monument of the Emperor Maximilian I occupies the centre of the nave of the Franciscan Church, or Hofkirk, at Innsbruck.

Maximilian is represented in a kneeling posture on a massive marble sarcophagus, surrounded by 28 statues in bronze of his heroic ancestors in the guise of mourners and torch-bearers. Among these statues, and the finest of all, stands that of King Arthur, attributed to Peter Vischer, of Nuremberg.

1341.

THE VISITATION OF THE VIRGIN MARY TO ST. ELIZABETH.

H. 4 ft. 9 in.

Original attributed to Della Robbia.

(In the Church of San Giovanni fuor Civitas-Pistoria.)

1342.

DEATH AND TRANSITION OF THE VIRGIN.

H. 11 ft. 2 in. W. 7 ft. 3 in.

ANDREA DI CIONE ORGAGNA.

Born near the beginning of the Fourteenth Century.

The original is a portion of the Marble Tabernacle of the Virgin in the Chapel of Or San Michele, Florence.



NO. 1504.

VOLTAIRE.

HOUDON.

CASTS FROM MODERN SCULPTURES.

1500.

VENUS VICTRIX.

H. 5 ft. 11½ in. Original Marble, in London.

JOHN GIBSON.

Born at Conway, North Wales, 1791. Died at Rome, 1866.

1501.

VENUS.

H. 5 ft. 6¾ in. Original Marble, in Florence.

ANTONIO CANOVA.

Born, 1757, in Possagno, Venetian Alps. Died, 1822.

1502.

VENUS VICTRIX.

H. 5 ft. Original Marble, ———.

BERTEL THORWALDSEN.

Born at Copenhagen, 1770. Died, 1844.

1503.

CLYTIE.

H. 4 ft. 11½ in. Original Marble, in Peabody Institute, Baltimore.

W. H. RINEHART.

Born, Frederick County, Md., 1825. Died at Rome, 1874.

1504.

VOLTAIRE. (SITTING FIGURE.)

H. 4 ft. 5 in.

Original marble in the vestibule of Theatre Français, Paris

JEAN ANTOINE HOUDON.

Born at Versailles, 1741. Died, 1828.

1505.

BUST OF VICE-PRESIDENT THOMAS A. HENDRICKS.

ULRIC S. J. DUNBAR.

Born at London, Canada, 1862.

1506.

ALSACE (Bust).

Original Bronze, by L. Gregoire.

Gift of W. G. Metzertott.

1600.

MURAL TABLET TO PROF. JOSEPH HENRY.

H. 7 ft. 4 in. W. 4 ft. 1 ½ in.

Original Marble, in the College at Princeton, N. J.

Gift of Miss Henry.

1601.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

H. 8 ft. 11 in.

WILLIAM ORDWAY PARTRIDGE.

Original Bronze, in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gift of the Sculptor.



NO. 2001.

LAST DAYS OF NAPOLEON.

VELA.

MAR BLES.

2000.

BUST OF MR. CORCORAN.

ULRIC S. J. DUNBAR.

2001.

THE LAST DAYS OF NAPOLEON I.

Height of figure 5 ft., with pedestal 7 ft. 3 in.

L. 4 ft. 8 in. W. 3 ft. 3 in. 1871.

VINCENZO VELA.

From the John Taylor Johnston Collection.

2002.

BUST OF COMMODORE MORRIS, U. S. N.

J. C. KING.

2003.

BUST OF VICE-PRESIDENT JOHN C. BRECKENRIDGE.

HENRY KIRK BROWN.

Born at Leyden, Mass., 1814. Died at Newburgh, N. Y., 1886

Gift of George Taylor.

2004.

MARBLE STATUETTE OF ECHO.

H. 2 ft. 10 in.

LARKIN G. MEADE.

Born at Chesterfield, N. H., 1835.

2005.

BUST OF ALEXANDER VON HUMBOLDT.

CHRISTIAN RAUCH.

Born, 1777. Died at Dresden, 1857.

Executed for Mr. Corcoran at the particular request of Humboldt.

2006.

COLOSSAL HEAD OF NAPOLEON I.

H. 2 ft. 4 in.

ANTONIO CANOVA.

A replica by Canova of his head of the colossal statue of Napoleon I, modelled from the Emperor at Paris in 1805.

2007.

STATUE OF A CHILD.

H. 3 ft. 1 in.

C. B. IVES.

Gift of Hon. John B. Henderson.

2008.

BUST OF HENRY CLAY.

JOEL T. HART.

Born in Kentucky, 1810. Died in Florence, 1877.

2009.

2010.

THE GREEK SLAVE.

H. 5 ft. 2 in. 1846.

HIRAM POWERS.

Born at Woodstock, Vermont, 1805. Died at Florence, Italy, 1873.

The Greek Slave was one of the first ideal productions of the artist, and it brought him immediate fame.

2011.

GENEVRA (Bust).

HIRAM POWERS.

This was the first ideal bust made by Powers, and was executed in Florence for Mrs. Preston, as a token of gratitude for the assistance given by her husband to the sculptor.

MARBLES.

2012.

PROSERPINE (Bust).

HIRAM POWERS.

The pedestals of both 2011 and 2012 were designed by Mr. Powers.

2013.

BUST OF WILLIAM J. STONE.

HIRAM POWERS.

Gift of Mrs. E. J. Stone.

2014.

PENSEROSO (Bust).

WILLIAM H. RINEHART.

Born, 1825. Died, 1874.

2015.

ENDYMION.

L. 4 ft. 4½ in. H. 2 ft. 2 in.

WILLIAM H. RINEHART.

2016.

SLEEPING CHILDREN.

L. 3 ft. H. 1 ft. 4 in.

WILLIAM H. RINEHART.

*Very
beautiful*

2017.

BACCHANTE (Bust).

ALEXANDER GALT.

Born at Norfolk, Va., 1827. Died at Richmond, Va., 1863.

2018.

SHAKESPEARE (Bust).

(A copy.)

2019.

THE VEILED NUN (Bust).

(A copy.)

2020.

THE PERI AT THE GATES OF PARADISE.

H. 5 ft. 5 in.

THOMAS CRAWFORD.

Born at New York, 1813. Died at London, England, 1857.

This statue embodies the poem in "Lalla Rookh," by Thomas Moore.

2021.

YOUTH AS A BUTTERFLY.

H 5 ft.

E. CARONI (Florence.)

2022.

FORCED PRAYER.

H. 2 ft. 10 in.

P. GUARNERIO (Milan).

2023.

THE FIRST STEP.

H 2 ft. 5 in.

TROMBETTA (Milan).

2024.

ISIS (Bust).

Green basalt.



BARYE, ANTOINE-LOUIS.

Born at Paris, 1796 ; died there 1875.

"Barye belongs to the antique in his knowledge of the structure of the human figure ; to the sixteenth century for his power at grouping his characters in such a manner that from any point of view his composition shows to advantage ; and to his own time in the richness of his inspirations, for their occasional exaggerations and in the romantic impetuosity of his hunting scenes and his combat of animals."

BRONZES.

3000 to 3103.

In the Barye Room.

This collection of Barye bronzes is believed to be the largest extant.

3000	General Bonaparte. (1838.)	14 × 13
3001	Duke of Orleans. (1840.)	14 × 13
3002	Amazon, Costume of 1830.	14½ × 14
3003	Gaston de Foix. (1833.)	14½ × 11½
3004	Charles VII, the Victorious. (1839.)	11½ × 10
3005	Tartar Warrior Checking his Horse. With bronze stand, Arabesque.	13½ × 13½
3006	Two Arab Horsemen Killing Lion.	14½ × 15
3007	African Horseman Surprised by Serpent.	8½ × 10
3008	Elephant with Indian Mounted, Crushing Tiger.	10½ × 12
3009	Roger and Angelica, Mounted on Hippo- griff. (1846.)	20 × 27
3010	Candelabras (pair), with nine lights, dec- orated with six figures, mascarons, and chimeras. (1846.) Originals made for Duc de Montpensier.	37
3011	Minerva.	12
3012	Juno.	12
3013	Theseus and Minotaur. (1848.)	18 × 10
3014	Theseus and Centaur. (1850.)	13½ × 14½
3015	Ape Riding a Gnu.	9 × 10
3016	Two Young Bears Fighting. (1833.)	8½ × 6
3017	Bear Sitting.	5¼ × 6½
3018	Beagle Standing.	6 × 8½
3019	Wolf Holding a Stag by the Throat.	8 × 17
3020	Two Young Lions Wrestling.	8 × 6
3021	Lion Devouring a Doe. (1837.)	5 × 11

3022	Lion and Serpent. (1832.)	10×12
3023	Lion Sitting. (1836.)	14×12
3024	Lioness of Senegal.	$8 \times 11\frac{1}{2}$
3025	Lioness of Algiers.	$8 \times 11\frac{1}{2}$
3026	Lion Walking. (1836.)	9×16
3027	Tiger Walking. (1836.)	$8\frac{1}{4} \times 16\frac{1}{2}$
3028	Tiger Surprising an Antelope.	$13\frac{1}{2} \times 24$
3029	Tiger Surprising a Deer.	$6\frac{1}{2} \times 10$
3030	Tiger Devouring a Gavial (Crocodile). (1831.)	$7\frac{1}{2} \times 19\frac{1}{2}$
3031	Tiger Devouring a Gazelle.	$5\frac{1}{4} \times 12$
3032	Panther Seizing a Stag.	15×22
3033	Panther of India.	$5 \times 10\frac{1}{2}$
3034	Panther of Tunis. (1840.)	$5\frac{1}{4} \times 10\frac{1}{2}$
3035	Panther Surprising a Civet-Cat.	4×9
3036	Jaguar Walking.	$4\frac{3}{4} \times 9$
3037	Jaguar Standing. (1840.)	5×9
3038	Jaguar Sleeping.	$3\frac{1}{2} \times 9$
3039	Jaguar Devouring Crocodile.	$3 \times 9\frac{1}{2}$
3040	Ocelot Carrying a Heron.	$6\frac{1}{2} \times 11\frac{1}{2}$
3041	Elephant of Asia. (1833.)	5×8
3042	Elephant of Africa.	$5 \times 7\frac{1}{4}$
3043	Horse Surprised by a Lion. (1834.)	$15\frac{1}{2} \times 15$
3044	Horse, Half Blood. Head lowered.	$7\frac{1}{2} \times 11\frac{1}{2}$
3045	Horse, Turkish. Right foot raised.	$11\frac{1}{2} \times 12\frac{1}{2}$
3046	Horse, Turkish. Left foot raised.	$11\frac{1}{2} \times 12$
3047	Dromedary, Egyptian. Reduction.	$5\frac{3}{4} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$
3048	Elk Surprised by a Lynx. (1834.)	$8\frac{1}{2} \times 11\frac{1}{2}$
3049	Deer Attacked by Two Scotch Hounds. (1833.)	17×21
3050	Stag, Doe, and Fawn.	$9 \times 8\frac{1}{2}$

3051	Virginia Deer Biting its Side. (1837.)	10×14
3052	Bull on the Defensive. (1841.)	$7 \times 11 \frac{1}{2}$
3053	Bull Rearing, Attacked by a Tiger. (1837.)	9×11
3054	Bull Dragged to Earth by a Bear. (1839.)	$5 \frac{1}{2} \times 11$
3055	Eagle Holding a Heron.	$12 \times 12 \frac{1}{2}$
3056	Crocodile Devouring an Antelope.	$6 \frac{1}{2} \times 14$
3057	Python Swallowing a Doe. (1840.)	$3 \frac{1}{4} \times 10 \frac{1}{2}$
3058	Python Strangling a Gazelle.	6×13
3059	Python Crushing a Crocodile. (1840.)	$6 \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \frac{1}{2}$
3060	Huntsman, Costume Louis XV.	$7 \frac{1}{2} \times 7$
3061	Bear Overthrown by Three Mastiffs. (1833.)	$10 \times 13 \frac{1}{2}$
3062	Bear Flying From Three Dogs.	12×18
3063	Greyhound and Hare.	8×13
3064	Wolf Walking.	9×14
3065	Greyhound Reclining.	$2 \frac{1}{2} \times 10$
3066	Buffalo of Egypt.	6×8
3067	Camel. (Head turned to right.)	$4 \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \frac{1}{2}$
3068	Greyhound Sleeping.	$7 \frac{1}{2} \times 13 \frac{1}{4}$
3069	African Badger Robbing Nest.	4×6
3070	Lion of the Column of July. (1838.) Bas-relief.	$8 \frac{1}{2} \times 16 \frac{1}{4}$
3071	Warrior of the Caucasus.	$7 \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \frac{3}{4}$
3072	Peasant. (Mediæval.)	12×10
3073	Leopard Crouching.	3×7
3074	Deer. (Axis.)	$5 \times 5 \frac{1}{2}$
3075	Deer of the Ganges.	$6 \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \frac{1}{4}$
3076	Bull Standing. (Small.)	$3 \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \frac{1}{2}$
3077	Card Receiver. Fawn's Feet.	$3 \frac{3}{4} \times 7 \frac{1}{2}$

Ornamented with grapes.

3078	Card Receiver. Ornamented with owls and panthers' heads.	$5\frac{1}{2} \times 7$
3079	Candlestick. (Two lights.) Ornamented with owls and panthers' heads.	10×10
3080	Candlestick. Ornamented with owls and panthers' heads.	$7 \times 3\frac{1}{4}$
3081	Candlestick. Greek designs with Syracuse medallions.	$10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$
3082	Candlestick, with Fawn's Feet. Ornamented with bell flowers and serpents.	$9\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$
3083	Candlestick. Ornamented with bell flowers, leaves, and scarabei.	$12\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$
3084	Candlestick. Small, with Handle. Ornamented with ivy leaves.	$3\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$
3085	Perfume Burner. Ornamented with chimeras.	$4 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$
3086	Paroquet Seated on a Tree.	$7\frac{3}{4} \times 5$
3087	Pheasant Walking. Head turned to left.	$4\frac{3}{4} \times 8\frac{1}{4}$
3088	Pheasant Walking. Head turned to right.	$4\frac{3}{4} \times 8\frac{1}{4}$
3089	Wolf Caught in a Trap.	$4\frac{1}{2} \times 5$
3090	Virginia Deer. Left foot raised.	$6\frac{1}{2} \times 6$
3091	Doe Reclining. (Dated 1840.)	$3\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$
3092	Fawn Reclining. (Dated 1840.)	$1\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$
3093	Rabbits, Group. (Two.)	$2 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$
3094	Turtle.	$1\frac{1}{4} \times 4$
3095	Crocodile.	$1\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{3}{4}$
3096	Candelabras (pair), with three lights, Antique design, ornamented with serpent, leaves, chimeras, claw feet, and surmounted with storks.	$31\frac{1}{2}$
3097	Theseus and Centaur. (1850.)	50×41

BRONZES.

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- 3098 Jaguar Devouring a Hare. (1850.) $15\frac{1}{2} \times 38$
- 3099 Leopard. Bas-relief. (1831.) Bronze
frame. $3 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$
- 3100 Panther. Bas-relief. (1831.) Bronze
frame. $3\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$
- 3101 Virginia Deer, with Antlers. Bas-relief.
(1831.) $4 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$
- 3102 Genet Carrying a Bird. Bas-relief. Bronze
frame. (1831.) 3×5
- 3103 Axis. $4\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$
- 3104 Tiger Hunt.
Water-color sketch.
- 3105 Sleeping Lions.
Water-color sketch.

3106 Bust of John C. Calhoun.

H. 25 in.

Clark Mills, 1850.

The original, in plaster, was taken from life by Mr. Mills in 1845.

3107 Japanese Yoshitane Vase.

 $61\frac{1}{2} \times 26$ in.

This vase takes its distinctive title from its bas-reliefs of scenes in the life of the Japanese hero, *Yoshitane*. Within the vase is a brazen vessel for fire, and the perforated upper section is a censer, surmounted by the god Hohodermi, who, descending into Japan standing on a dragon, introduced letters and writing.

From the Centennial Exhibition of 1876.

3108 Statuette of Augustus Cæsar.

H. 36 in.

Boschetti.

3109 Bust of Washington.

H. $18\frac{3}{4}$ in.

Clark Mills, 1849.

From Houdon's original bust, in plaster, 1785.

Presented by Mr. Mills.

3110 Bust of Dr. James C. Hall.

H. 22½ in.

H. K. Bush Brown, 1880.

3111 Statuette of a Cow.

9×14 in.

H. K. Bush Brown, 1883.

The two bronze lions in front of the main entrance to the gallery are copies from the originals in marble by Antonio Canova at the monument of Pope Clement XIII, St. Peter's, Rome.

CLOISONNÉ.

- 3500 Square Table, with Cloisonné top. 16th century.
From the Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
- 3501 Cloisonné Vase. 16th century. H. 20 in.
From the Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
- 3502 Cloisonné Vase. 16th century. H. 20 in.
From the Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
- 3503 Cloisonné Enamel Dish, representing St. George and the Dragon, on enamelled stand, with pedestal of golden bronze. (In Case B.)
From the Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
- 3504 Cloisonné Plate, small, enamelled on both sides, on bronze stand. Subject: "Puck." (In Case B.)
From the Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
- 3505 Cloisonné Plate, small, enamelled on both sides, on bronze stand. Subject: "Puck." (In Case B.)
From the Centennial Exhibition, 1876.

PORCELAINS AND GLASS

4000 Japanese "Arita" Porcelain Vase.
H. 8 ft. 8 in.

4001 Japanese "Arita" Porcelain Vase.
H. 8 ft. 8 in.

These examples of the ceramic art of Japan were made in the factory of T. Tawara, at Arita, Japan, expressly for the Centennial Exhibition.

4002

4003

4004 Prometheus Vase.
H. 4 ft. (Majolica.)
Milton, England.

4005 Majolica Vase, with Japanese decorations.
H. 4 ft.

4006 Majolica Vase, with Japanese decorations.
H. 4 ft.

These two vases, modern imitations of the pottery of the Moors, were made by Deck, of Paris.

4007 Sevres Vase.
H. 2 ft. 2 in.

4008 Plaque of Stone Porcelain, with decorations of Poultry, Vegetables, etc.
H. 2 ft. 11 ½ in. W. 1 ft. 4 in.
Schopin, England.

4009 Plaque of Stone Porcelain, with decorations of Fish.
H. 2 ft. 11 ½ in. W. 1 ft. 4 in.
Schopin, Paris.

4010 "Arita." Porcelain Japanese Vase.
H. 7 ft. W. 2 ½ ft.
From the Centennial Exhibition, 1876.

4011 Japanese Porcelain Bowl.
Diameter 3 ft. Depth 7 in.
From the Centennial Exhibition, 1876.

4012 Engraved Glass Magnum Bonum Claret Jug. Subject:
A Fox Hunt.

H. 1 ft. 4 ½ in. W. 9 in.
From the exhibit of John Miller & Co., of Edinburgh, Scotland, at the Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876. (In Case B.)



VIEW OF ELECTROTYPE ROOM.

ELECTROTYPE REPRODUCTIONS.

CASE A.

THE HILDESHEIM TREASURES.

Electrotyped by Christofle & Co., Paris.

These are electrotype reproductions of ancient vessels found on the site of a Roman camp, near Hildesheim, Hanover.

On the 17th of October, 1868, some soldiers, while digging near their camp on the slope of Galgen, found, at the depth of ten feet, some bits of metal that proved to be silver. Further search discovered two large bell-shaped vases or bowls, inverted, under which were other vessels and fragments, strangely heaped together, the feet and handles being detached from the vessels to which they belonged, and all much corroded by the infiltration of a wet soil.

They were restored by an expert as nearly as possible to their original condition, and subsequently taken to the Royal Museum at Berlin. Their discovery made a great sensation, and it was at first supposed that the original Treasures were part of the dinner service of Varus, the Roman General, who was defeated by the Germans, under Arminius, near Hildesheim, in the year A. D. 9, but the style of some of the pieces was so evidently of a later date that the idea is now abandoned. The design and workmanship of most of them certainly show their extreme antiquity.

- 4180 Large Minerva Bowl (Patera).
- 4181 Bowl, with Hercules Strangling the Serpents.
- 4182 Bowl, with Deus Lunus wearing the Phrygian cap with horns of crescent.
- 4183 Bowl, with Cybele with mural crown.
- 4184 Large Drinking Bowl (Oxybaphon).
- 4185 Drinking Cup, with four masks of Bacchants.
- 4186 Drinking Cup, with six masks of Fauns.
- 4187 Drinking Cup, with ten masks, with scenic accessories.
- 4188 Drinking Cup, with garlands.
- 4189 Drinking Cup, with laurels.

- 4190 A Cup, with handles of leaves of acanthus and flowers.
- 4191 Egg Dish.
- 4192 Salt-Cellar for Egg Dish, with carved exterior.
- 4193 Saucepan, handle with water lilies.
- 4194 Saucepan, handle with leaf of ivy.
- 4195 Saucepan, with handle knotted.
- 4196 Saucepan, with handle of palm leaves.
- 4197 Ladle, with handle of palm leaves.
- 4198 Ladle, with handle of ivy branch.
- 4199 Salt-cellar, with ivy leaves.
- 4200 Salt-cellar, with ivy leaves.
- 4201 Olive Bowl, with three carved feet.
- 4202 Turnip Dish.
- 4203 Duck Dish.
- 4204 Tripod, base of a candelabrum.
- 4205 Support, with head of Bacchus; part of a tripod.
- 4206 Handle of a Vase.
- 4207 Claw of Tripod, with head of Jupiter.
- 4208 Conical Cup, with rude carvings of animals.
- 4209 Large round Dish, bordered with foliage, birds, and squirrels.

CASE B.

*Reproductions of objects chiefly in the South Kensington Museum, London.
Electrotyped by Elkington & Co., Birmingham.*

- 4210 Grand Cup and Cover. Copper-gilt. German, 16th Century.
Original of silver-gilt, in Gratz, Styria. H. 3 ft. 4½ in.
- 4211 Chalice. Spanish, 1540.
Original, silver-gilt.

- 4212 Tankard. German, 1605. A cock on top.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4213 Bedford Tankard. Italian, 16th Century. Triumph of
Bacchus.
Original in ivory and silver.
- 4214 Shrine or Cover of St. Patrick's Bell. Irish, 11th Cen-
tury.
Original in copper, gold, and jewels, in possession of Rev. Dr.
Todd. The back is silver perforated with crosses, surrounded by
Irish characters. The bell, of sheet iron, enclosed in the original,
is reputed to be of the 4th Century.
- 4215 Pyx or Pix. Portuguese, 17th Century. For holding
the consecrated wafer.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4216 Tankard. German, 17th Century.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4217 Tazza or Cup. French, 17th Century. Subject: Death
of Meleager.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4218 Tazza. German, 17th Century. Silver oxydized. Sub-
ject: Judgment of Solomon.
Original of silver.
- 4219 Tankard. German, 17th Century.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4220 Tankard. German or French, 16th Century.
- 4221 Salt-cellar. Italian, 15th Century.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4222 Salt-cellar. German, 1580.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4223 Salt-cellar. German, 16th Century.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4224 Salt-cellar. German, 16th Century.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4225 Salt-cellar. German, 16th Century.
Original, silver-gilt.

- 4226 Inkstand. Italian, 16th or 17th Century.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4227 Knife. French, 17th Century. Gilt, handle in imitation
of carved ivory.
In the collection of R. Napier.
- 4228 Fork. French, 17th Century. Gilt, handle in imitation
of carved ivory.
In the collection of R. Napier.
- 4229 Spoon. French, 17th Century. Gilt, handle in imita-
tion of carved ivory.
In the collection of R. Napier.
- 4230 Candlestick. Italian, 16th Century.
Original, in bronze.
- 4231 Inkstand or Perfume-burner. Copper-bronze. Italian,
15th Century. With statuette of Hannibal.
- 4232 Plate. German, 16th Century. With medallions of Em-
perors.
- 4233 Plate. German, 16th Century. Subject: Adam and Eve.
- 4234 Plate. German, 16th Century. With arms of Swiss
Cantons.
- 4235 Cup and Cover. English, 1638.
Original of silver.
- 4236 Cup and Cover. English: Hall-mark, 1676.
Original of silver.
- 4237 Incense-holder. Spanish, about 1540-1550. Inscribed
with "*Oratio mea dirigatur sicut incensum.*"
Original in rock crystal, mounted in silver-gilt.
- 4238 Beaker. On three ball feet. Augsburg.
Original, silver parcel-gilt.
- 4239 Goblet. German, 17th Century.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4240 Tankard and Cover. German, 17th Century. Man slay-
ing a Centaur on top, with Bacchanalian group below.
Original in carved ivory and silver, by Bernard Strauss.
- .

- 4241 Goblet. (Agate.) English: Hall-mark, 1567.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4242 Goblet. Russian, 17th Century. Medallions of the
Seasons.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4243 Beaker. Russian, 16th or 17th Century.
Original in silver parcel-gilt.
- 4244 Cocoa Cup. German, 1585.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4245 Augsburg Ewer.
Original, silver-gilt, in the Louvre. Commemorates the siege of
Algiers by Charles V.
- 4246 Pax. For communicating the kiss of peace. Represents
the Virgin giving a vestment to St. Ildefonso. Span-
ish, 1540.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4247 Bottle. In form of Pilgrim's flask. French or German,
17th Century.
Original of silver.
- 4248 Entombment of Christ. Bas-relief after Donatello.
Italian, 15th Century.
Original, in bronze, in Vienna.
- 4249 Bowl, with Cover. Arabesque.
Original in brass, damascened.
- 4250 Bowl, with Cover. Arabesque.
Original in brass, damascened.
- 4251 Plaque. Entombment of Christ. Spanish, 17th Cen-
tury.
- 4252 Bowl. French, about 1330.
Original, silver.
- 4253 Bowl. French, about 1330.
Original, silver.
- 4254 Plateau. Italian, 1820.
Silver oxydized.
- 4255 Bowl. Arabesque, 14th Century.
Original, brass, damascened.

- 4256 Bucket. Arabesque, 14th Century.
Original, brass, damascened.
- 4257 Nautilus Shell. Mounted in metal. Italian, 16th Century. Supported by seated Naiad. Sirens below.
- 4258 Ewer. Dragon handle, with Roman subjects. Italian, 16th Century.
- 4259 Tazza. Representing the Deluge. Italian, 16th Century.
- 4260 Salver. Portuguese, 15th Century. Figures in high relief.
Original in silver-gilt.
- 4261 Cup. English, 1720.
Original of silver.
- 4262 Tazza. Italian, 16th Century. Classical figures attributed to Benvenuto Cellini.
Original in the Louvre.
- 4263 Candlestick (Base only). Arabesque.
Original, brass, damascened.
- 4264 Candlestick. Venetian, 16th Century. Persian or Mo-resque design.
Original in bronze.
- 4265 Plateau. Dutch, about 1690.
Original in silver.
- 4266 Ewer. Venetian, 16th Century.
Original in brass-gilt.
- 4267 Tazza and Cover. French, 1851.
Original, silver and jewelled, parcel-gilt.
- 4268 Vase and Cover. English, 1772. A boy on top; handles of Satyr heads.
Original, silver-gilt.
- 4269 Mirror-case or Martelli Bronze. Italian, 15th Century. Allegory of Productiveness, with a legend.
Original of bronze, inlaid with silver.
- 4270 Incense-burner. Belgian, 1851. Arabesque.
Original of iron, damascened by Falloise, of Liege.
- .

- 4271 Tankard and Cover, in fictile ivory, mounted in metal, parcel-gilt. Same subject as No. 3240 (which see), but as the original was of carved ivory, this is a more exact imitation of it. 17th Century.
- 4272 Bowl, with Cover. Arabesque.
Original of brass, damascened.
- 4273 Bowl, with Cover. Arabesque.
Original of brass, damascened.
- 4274 Tazza. Italian. Silver oxydized.
By Lionnet, Paris. Same subject as No. 3275, by B. Cellini.
- 4275 Tazza. Italian. Silver oxydized.
By Lionnet, Paris. Original by B. Cellini, in the Louvre.
- 4276 Gilt and Oxydized Emperor's Tankard.
From the Centennial Exhibition, Philadelphia, 1876.

CASE C.

Electrotypes by Elkington & Co.

- 4277 Small Shield. Benvenuto Cellini.
Silver oxydized.
- 4278 Salver. Italian, 16th Century, illustrating the siege of Tunis by Charles V. 1535.
Original in the Louvre, Paris.
- 4279 Spiked Shield of Francis I, 16th Century.
Original in the Museum of Artillery, Paris. Electrotyped by Lionnet, Paris.
- 4280 Helmet of Francis I. 1545.
Original in the Museum of Artillery, Paris.
- 4281 Sword of Francis I.
Original in the Museum of Artillery, Paris. Electrotyped by Lionnet, Paris.
- 4282 Head-piece. Italian, 16th Century. Marine genii holding a warrior's head, whose body forms the crest. Silver oxydized.
Original in the Museum of Artillery, Paris.

- 4283 Head-piece. Italian, 16th Century. David and Goliath on one side. Silver oxydized.
Original in the Museum of Artillery, Paris.
- 4284 Hannibal Dish. German, 1567, with Roman figures.
- 4285 Salver. Arabesque, with Moresco chasings.
- 4286 Salver. Italian, 16th Century. Arabesque.
Original in brass-gilt.
- 4287 Salver. Venetian, 16th Century, with battles and sieges.
Original in bronze-gilt.
- 4288 Salver. Italian, 16th Century. Medallions.
Original in brass-gilt.
- 4289 Salver. English, 1719-'20.
Original of silver.
- 4290 Bowl or Plateau. Moorish.
Original of brass.
- 4291 Gilt and Oxydized Dish, representing the months of the year.
- 4292 Gilt and Oxydized Dish, representing the months of the year.
From the Centennial Exhibition.
- 4293 Shakspeare Dish. Containing medallion of Shakspeare, 10 inches in height, surrounded by scenes from his various plays.
From an old *repoussé* plate in the South Kensington Museum.
Artist and history of it unknown.

CASE D.

- 4294 Shield.
From the Milan Museum.
- 4295 Shield.
From the Turin Museum.
- 4296 Bourgignotte Helmet.
Museum of Artillery, Paris.
- 4297 Cap of a Doge.
Museum of Artillery, Paris.

- 4298 Shield. French, 15th Century. Medallions of David and Judith.
- 4299 Breast-plate.
Milan Museum.
- 4300 Shield of Henry II, France.
Museum of the Louvre, 1547-'59.
- 4301 Statuette of Henry IV of France when a boy.
By Bosio.
Original of silver, in Museum of the Louvre.
- 4302 Shield.
Museum of Cluny.
- 4303 Sword of the Duke of Savoy.
Turin Museum.
- 4304 Pieces of Horse Armor.
Museum of Lyons.
- 4305 Cannon. Renaissance.
Attributed to Germain Pilon.
Museum of Artillery, Paris.
- 4306 Axe of King John, France. 1350-'64.
Museum of Artillery, Paris.
- 4307 Suit of Armor of Henry II, France.
Museum of the Louvre, 1547-'59.
Attributed to Germain Pilon, the sculptor.

NOT IN CASES.

- 4308 Column of the Place Vendome, Paris.
(Miniature reproduction.) H. 5 ft. 3 in.
- 4309 Suit of Armor in nineteen pieces. Italian, 16th Century.
Original in the Museum of Artillery, Paris.
- 4310 The Milton Shield.
Reproduced by Elkington & Co.
Oval. H. 2 ft. 10 in. W. 2 ft. 2 in.
The original was designed and wrought in silver and steel *repoussé* by M. Morel Ladeuil, England, for the Paris Exposition of 1867. The British Government bought it for the Kensington Museum for \$15,000. It represents scenes from Paradise Lost.

- 4311 The Pompeian Toilet.
Circular. W. 20 inches.
Reproduced by Elkington & Co. from the original work (*repoussé*)
in silver, with damascened tracery in gold and silver, by M.
Ladeuil.
- 4312 Statuette of the Emperor William I, of Germany.
H. 3 ft.
- 4313 Statuette of the Emperor Frederick I, of Germany.
H. 3 ft.
From the Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
- 4314
- 4315 Kocker. Copper-bronze.
H. 1 ft. 2½ in. W. 1 ft. 1 in. 17th Century.
Original in the Kensington Museum. Attributed to John of Bologna.
- 4316 Statuette of Christ.
H. 3 ft. 5½ in.
- 4317 Statuette of John the Baptist.
H. 3 ft. 5½ in.
(Reproductions by Elkington & Co. from the original by John of
Bologna in the Cathedral of Pisa.)
- 4318 Monument to Frederick William of Brandenburg, the
"Great Elector." 1620-1688.
H. 2 ft. 2 in. Reduction of the monument in bronze by A.
Schluter. Berlin, 1703.
From the Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
- 4319 Monument to Frederick II, the Great, of Prussia.
H. 5 ft. 2 in. Reduction of the original bronze work in Berlin by
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Geo. de Forest Brush.
mother & her child Purple backgrou
vann vermilion waist
brown hair beautiful blue eyes &
white & pink flesh tones very so

902.

^{eyes}
life & love by Eliz. Bar. Browning
the helping hand. Same name.

